HUMBOLDT TRANSIT AUTHORITY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AND

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

JUNE 30, 2017

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June 30, 2017 and 2016

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MANAGEMENT LETTER

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors Humboldt Transit Authority

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of Humboldt Transit Authority as of and for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Board of Directors Humboldt Transit Authority

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of Humboldt Transit Authority, as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matters

Management adopted the provisions of the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement, which became effective for fiscal years beginning after June 30, 2014, that affected the financial reporting of pensions:

Statement 68 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions

The emphasis of these matters does not constitute a modification to our opinion.

Other Matters

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America required to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that comprise Humboldt Transit Authority's basic financial statements. The combining schedules in Exhibits E through H are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Contributions and Schedule of Proportionate Share of CalPERS, in Exhibits I and J, are required supplementary information and is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining schedules, and schedules required under GASB 68 are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedules Exhibit E through Exhibit J are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Board of Directors Humboldt Transit Authority

Other Information (Continued)

Our audit was also made for the purpose of determining compliance with the Transportation Development Act Section 99260, the California Administrative Code and the rules and regulations of the Humboldt County Association of Governments. In our audit, we performed, to the extent applicable, the tasks contained in Section 6667 of the California Administrative Code.

In our opinion, except as discussed in Note 2 and 3, the funds described above were expended in conformity with the applicable laws, rules, and regulations of the Transportation Development Act and the allocation instructions of the Humboldt County Association of Governments.

ANDERSON, LUCAS, SOMERVILLE & BORGES, LLP

December 18, 2017 Fortuna, California BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statements of Net Position

June 30, 2017 and 2016

ASSETS

<u>ASSETS</u>		
	2017	2016
Current Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents		
On Hand and in Deposit Accounts Restricted Cash	\$ 1,494,759	\$ 1,541,651
	1,106,504	1,047,685
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,601,263	2,589,336
Accounts Receivable	198,631	225 590
Grants Receivable	719,500	225,589 479,705
Employee Advances	719,500	479,703
Materials and Supplies Inventory (at cost)	303,988	316,269
Prepaid Expenses	35,631	188,957
Total Current Assets	3,859,016	3,799,859
	1131 • 10 (20 TH TH) • 12 (12 TH	2,122,002
Long-term Assets		
Property, Plant and Equipment, Net	10,291,670	11,144,063
Work in Progress	289,572	16,061
Total Long-term Assets	10,581,242	11,160,124
Defensed Outflows of Deserves	(0) 7(0	***
Deferred Outflows of Resources	606,768	560,363
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 15,047,026	\$ 15,520,346
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION		
Current Liabilities		
Trade Payables	\$ 196,681	\$ 88,446
Insurance Payable	26,786	184,132
Deferred Income	335,414	287,585
DAR Liability	52,621	223,466
Unearned Fares	223,599	197,731
Deferred Income-Prop IB Cal OES	62,148	-
Accrued Payroll Liabilities	222,309	238,582
Total Current Liabilities	1,119,558	1,219,942
T. A. T. Miller		
Long-term Liabilities		
Lease Deposit Net Pension Liability	3,000	3,000
Net Pelsion Liability Net OPEB Obligation	1,809,418	1,369,305
Total Long-term Liabilities	2,851,601	2,424,230
Total Long-term Elabinities	4,664,019	3,796,535
Total Liabilities	5,783,577	5,016,477
Deferred Inflows of Resources	170,462	540 (47
Deterred finions of resources	170,402	542,647
Net Position		•
Invested In Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	10,581,242	11,160,124
		11,100,121
Restricted Net Position		
Insurance Deductible Reserve	100,000	100,000
Equipment Acquisition	814,010	814,010
Retiree's Health Insurance	15,000	15,000
Total Restricted Net Position	929,010	929,010
Unrestricted Net Position	(2,417,265)	(2,127,912)
Total Net Position	9,092,987	9,961,222
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION	\$ 15,047,026	\$ 15,520,346

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

With Comparative Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Budget	2017 Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	2016 Actual
OPERATING REVENUES				
Fares	\$ 1,439,500	\$ 1,056,322	(383,178)	\$ 1,398,563
Contract Transportation	992,932	1,488,449	495,517	1,047,650
Insurance Reimbursement	-11	-	-	5,961
Other Revenue	75,500	137,188	61,688	129,861
Total Operating Revenues	2,507,932	2,681,959	174,027	2,582,035
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Labor and Benefits	4,005,165	4,397,372	(392,207)	3,977,080
Professional Services	50,800	71,852	(21,052)	123,036
Purchased Transportation	•	146,436	(146,436)	170,940
Repairs, Supplies, & Maintenance	1,231,609	1,246,289	(14,680)	1,085,278
Casualty and Liability Insurance	202,622	225,241	(22,619)	206,513
Utilities	67,000	62,315	4,685	63,727
Leases and Rentals	6,000	6,120	(120)	6,099
Miscellaneous	97,366	73,493	23,873	71,904
Advertising	5,000	10,024	(5,024)	5,273
Travel and Transportation	16,000	10,081	5,919	13,820
Depreciation F	- (01/2/2	1,376,813	(1,376,813)	1,292,469
Total Operating Expenses	5,681,562	7,626,036	(1,944,474)	7,016,139
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(3,173,630)	(4,944,077)	(1,770,447)	(4,434,104)
NONOPERATING REVENUES				
Advertising	33,600	33,600	₩)	19,200
Rents and Leases	107,000	110,121	3,121	107,222
Operating Grants			1551 * 1551 Au Cons	,
TDA Assessments	2,400,279	2,443,805	43,526	2,355,451
Federal - FTA	130,284	300,000	169,716	218,705
State Operating - STAF	492,467	300,975	(191,492)	319,442
Interest Income	10,000	29,911	19,911	21,263
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets	: = 0	8,731	8,731	(53,528)
Misc - CalOES		(11,167)	(11,167)	
Total Nonoperating Revenues	3,173,630	3,215,976	42,346	2,987,755
CHANGE IN NET POSITION BEFORE CAPITAL GRANTS		(1,728,101)	(1,728,101)	(1,446,349)
CAPITAL GRANTS	2.			
Federal Transportation (5311)	418,255	427,222	8,967	991,000
State - Cal OES	280,000	280,656	656	1,175,628
State - STAF	387,745	5,716	(382,029)	609,856
County	200,000	146,272	(53,728)	254,051
Total Capital Grants	1,286,000	859,866	(426,134)	3,030,535
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	1,286,000	(868,235)	(2,154,235)	1,584,186
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		\$ 9,961,222		\$ 8,377,036
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR		\$ 9,092,987		\$ 9,961,222

Statements of Cash Flows

For the Years Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

	2017	2016
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 1,802,248	\$ 262,706
Cash Paid for Goods and Services	(1,905,116)	(1,673,006)
Cash Paid for Employees	(4,413,645)	(3,930,452)
	(1,122,012)	(3,330,132)
Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities	(4,516,513)	(5,340,752)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING		
ACTIVITIES:		
Operating Grant Revenue	3,197,235	2,966,492
Contract Transportation	1,222,220	1,047,650
Miscellaneous Revenue	448,894	195,512
	110,001	173,312
Net Cash Provided by Non-Capital Financing Activities	4,868,349	4,209,654
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
TARING MONTHINEST		
Capital Grant Revenue	440,366	2,769,535
Acquisition of Property, Plant, and Equipment	(810,186)	(3,188,037)
	(010,100)	(3,100,037)
Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(369,820)	(418,502)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest on Investments	29,911	21,263
		21,203
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	29,911	21,263
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	11,927	(1 500 227)
THE THERESE (BECKERSE) IN CHOIL AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	11,927	(1,528,337)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of Year	2,589,336	4,117,673
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - End of Year	\$ 2 601 263	£ 2 590 226
CASH AND CASH EQUIVADENTS - EIR OF TEAL	\$ 2,601,263	\$ 2,589,336

Statements of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	2017	2016
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (4,955,246)	\$ (4,434,104)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to		
Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities:		
Depreciation	1,376,812	1,292,469
Loss on Sale of Capital Assets	12,255	72,029
Nonoperating Revenue (Included in Operating Income Total)	(1,222,220)	(1,047,650)
Changes in Assets and Liabilities		
(Increase) Decrease in Assets		
Receivables	206,663	167,802
Materials and Supplies Inventory	12,281	(39,822)
Prepaid Expenses	153,326	(50,740)
Increase (Decrease) in Link like		
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities	(2.1.2.2.1)	
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	(219,956)	92,636
Deferred Income	135,845	(1,440,000)
Lease Deposits	=	≅ 0
Accrued Payroll Liabilities	(16,273)	46,628
Net Cash (Used) By Operating Activities	\$ (4,516,513)	\$ (5,340,752)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Organization

Humboldt Transit Authority (HTA) is a public agency created on January 28, 1975 by a joint exercise of powers agreement between Humboldt County and the cities of Arcata, Eureka and Fortuna, later amended to include Rio Dell and Trinidad. The local transportation revenues are claimed by the parties to the agreement and, when approved by the Humboldt County Association of Governments, are paid out of the County of Humboldt's Local Transportation Trust Fund to the parties. The City of Eureka contracts with HTA to administer and operate the Eureka Transit System and administer the Eureka Dial-a-Ride paratransit service. HTA also contracts with Humboldt County to provide service from Arcata to Willow Creek, and to the Southern Humboldt area. The City of Arcata contracts with HTA to administer its Dial-a-Ride paratransit service.

The parties to the agreement provided Local Transportation Funds to the Authority in the following ratio during the year ended June 30, 2017:

	RTS	DAR/Lift Arcata	Willow	So Humboldt	So Humboldt	Tish Non
		<u>McKinleyville</u>	Creek	InterCity	Local	Village
Arcata	14.4%	40%				1000/100000
Eureka	22.6%	Part of the same o	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR			
Fortuna	9.9%		Jan.			
Rio Dell	2.8%					
Trinidad	0.3%	The same of the sa				
Humboldt Co.	50.0%	60%	100%	100%	100%	100%
	100.0%	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	100%

The following is a schedule of Joint Powers Authority members' assessments:

	RTS		Lift Arcata Kinleyville	Willow Creek	So Humboldt InterCity	So Humboldt Local	Tish Non <u>Village</u>
Arcata	\$ 214,408	\$	53,815			L 	
Eureka	337,824						
Fortuna	148,418						
Rio Dell	41,865						
Trinidad	4,602						
Humboldt Co.	 747,075		81,263	235,078	263,645	137,939	177,873
	\$ 1,494,192	\$	135,078	\$ 235,078	\$ 263,645	\$ 137,939	\$ 177,873

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Basis of Accounting

The Authority's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). Governmental entities are also required to follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued through November 30, 1989 (when applicable) that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The Authority has elected to apply FASB pronouncements issued after that date to its business-type activities and enterprise funds.

The Authority uses the accrual method of accounting. Under this method of accounting, revenues are recognized when they are earned and measurable and expenses are recognized when the related liabilities are incurred.

In June 1999, the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) unanimously approved Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*. Certain of the significant changes in the Statements include the following:

- 1. Financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all the Authority's activities;
- 2. A change in the fund financial statements to focus on the major funds.

These and other changes are reflected in the accompanying financial statements (including notes to financial statements). The Authority had elected to implement the general provisions of the Statement during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005.

1. Proprietary Funds

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector, namely the accrual method of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when earned and measurable and expenses are recognized when the related liabilities are incurred.

Enterprise funds are required to be used to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity (a) is financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of the net revenues, (b) has third party requirements that the cost of providing services, including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges or c) established fees and charges based on a pricing policy designed to recover similar costs.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Basis of Accounting (continued)

The District provides the following services which are accounted for in separate funds:

Transportation Services:

Redwood Transit System

Eureka Transit Service

Willow Creek Intercity

Southern Humboldt – Intercity (began January 2010)

Southern Humboldt – Local (began January 2010)

Tish Non-Village –(began July 2015)

Maintenance and Administrative Services:

Eureka DAR Administration

Arcata DAR Administration

AMRTS Maintenance

Humboldt County Office of Education Maintenance

C. Description of Services

The Authority began operations of the Redwood Transit System in August of 1976. As of June 30, 2016 the Authority operated 6 routes, which cover the corridor between the cities of Trinidad to the North and Benbow to the South. Fares range from \$2.75 for senior citizens and the handicapped to \$3.00 for a basic fare. Beginning July 2015, the Tish Non-Village Route was added.

Effective July 1, 2016, HCAOG designated HTA as the Consolidated Transportation Services Agency (CTSA) for Humboldt County, with responsibility for administering a consolidated region-wide program to provide transportation for qualified elderly and disabled persons in the Cities of Arcata and Eureka and unmandated areas in the County. HTA has entered into a contract with City Ambulance of Eureka to provide Dial-A-Ride services effective July 1, 2017.

HTA, through a contract with the City of Eureka operates the Eureka Transit System and, beginning September 1, 1997, began administering the Eureka Dial-a-Ride paratransit service. The contract Eighth Amendment is effective for fiscal years 2016 and 2017 for \$940,200 annually. The fares collected will be credited to the Eureka Transit System on a monthly basis.

In December 2001, HTA contracted with the AMRT&S (Arcata) system to provide bus maintenance, fueling and parking at the HTA facility. HTA is contracted to provide regular preventive maintenance and repairs for 12 HCOE public school transit buses.

HUMBOLDT TRANSIT AUTHORITY Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Property, Plant, and Equipment

The following is a summary of property, plant, and equipment, at cost, less accumulated depreciation:

	Y-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-	2017		2016
Buses	\$	10,673,755	\$	10,230,209
Other Transportation Equipment		1,675,317		1,675,317
Office Equipment		122,133		122,133
Other Equipment		1,364,849		1,394,973
Real Property - Land		2,164,831		2,164,831
Buildings & Improvements		3,400,432	AGE-1417-1-1500-1	3,370,195
Subtotal	\$	19,401,317	\$	18,957,658
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(9,109,647)	510450Faces 2	(7,813,595)
	11			
Total Property, Plant & Equipment	\$,	10,291,670	\$	11,144,063
	V			
The second secon	The same of the sa			
Property, Plant & Equipment, Beginning	\$	18,957,658	\$	16,879,874
Capital Acquisitions	6	536,676		3,189,979
Sales/Dispositions		(93,017)		(1,112,195)
Property, Plant, & Equipment, Ending	\$	19,401,317	\$	18,957,658

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method with useful lives as follows:

Buses	3 - 10 years
Other transportation equipment	3 - 15 years
Office equipment	3 - 15 years
Other equipment	3 - 15 years
Buildings	30 years

Construction in Progress at June 30, 2017 and 2016 amounted to \$289,572 and \$16,061, respectively. HTA has entered into a design/build agreement with McKeever Energy & Electric to design the Solar PV system funded by a grant provided by California Office Emergency Services (Cal OES).

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Compensated Absences

HTA has accrued a liability for vacation pay earned as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, in the amount of \$132,060 and \$127,948, respectively.

No liability is recorded for accumulated sick pay, which at June 30, 2017 and 2016, was \$36,322 and \$37,995, respectively.

F. Employee Retirement Plan

Plan Description

HTA contributes to the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), an agent multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan. CalPERS provide retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. CalPERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the state of California. A menu of benefit provisions as well as other requirements is established by State statute within the Public Employees' Retirement Law. HTA selects optional benefits provisions from the benefit menu by contract with CalPERS and adopts those benefits through resolutions of its Board of Directors. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office - 400 P Street - Sacramento, CA 95814. A full description of the pension plan benefit provisions, assumptions for funding purposes, and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2016 Annual Actuarial Valuation Report, the most recent available report. This report is publically available at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

Funding Policy

Participants are required to contribute 7% of their annual covered salary, which HTA pays on their behalf. HTA is required to contribute the actuarially determined remaining amounts necessary to fund the benefits for its members. The actuarial methods and assumptions used are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by State statute and the employer contribution rate if established and may be amended by CalPERS. The Plan's share of the risk pool's unfunded liability (Market Value) as of the measurement date June 30, 2016 totals \$1,809,418. See Note 1 (R) for GASB 68 recognition of pension liability and Note 5.

On January 1, 2013, the Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA) took effect. The result will be a shift of new members away from existing pools. The impact of most of the PEPRA changes will affect the contribution rates set for the 2015-2016 fiscal year. The act requires new employees pay at least 50% of the total annual normal cost.

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2016

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. Employee Retirement Plan (Continued)

Annual Pension Cost

For fiscal year 2016-2017, HTA's annual pension cost of \$243,840 for CalPERS was equal to HTA's actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2013 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.65% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), (b) projected annual salary increases that vary by duration of service ranging from 3.30% to 14.20%. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 2.75% and an annual payroll growth of 3.00%. The actuarial value of CalPERS assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a 15-year period (smoothed market value). The discount rate was changed from 7.5% (net of administrative costs) to 7.65% to correct for an adjustment to exclude administrative costs.

Beginning June 30, 2013 CalPERS has adopted a new actuarial methodology that will set the 2015-2016 rates. CalPERS will use an amortization and smoothing policy that will pay for all gains and losses over a fixed 30 year period with the increases or decreases in the rate spread directly over a 5-year period. In addition, effective January 2013, HTA will contribute the full employer share towards the CalPERS retirement formula for bargaining unit employees, and each employee shall contribute the full employee share toward the CalPERS retirement formula through an automatic payroll deduction.

Contributions for the unfunded accrued liability for fiscal year ending June 30, 2017 and 2016 totaled \$85,966 and \$74,124, respectively.

G. Commitments

HTA is under contract with City Ambulance, Inc. for Dial-A-Ride and Dial a Lift service in the McKinleyville area. Payments to City Ambulance, Inc. under the contract for the 2016-2017 fiscal years are \$12,203 per month.

The Authority has contracted with the City of Eureka through June 30, 2018 to administer and manage the City's Eureka Transit System. With Amendment Eight, the contract amounts to \$940,200 or \$78,350 per month. Effective 2016-2017 any fares collected are returned to Eureka monthly. For 2015-2016 the contract amounted to \$926,288 less anticipated fare revenues of \$260,000. The contract stipulated that any carryover from the ETS operation at the end of each year would be rolled over to assist with operating expenses for the following year. Any carryover at the end of the contract term would be returned to the City of Eureka once that amount had been confirmed by the annual audit. In addition, ETS is responsible for the actual cost of vehicle liability insurance.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. Allocations

During the year, the following Transportation Development Act (TDA), Article 4 funds were allocated to HTA:

	Operating	Capital
e	Funds	Funds
Redwood Transit System	\$ 1,494,192	-
Dial A Ride	135,078	-
Willow Creek	235,078	-
Tish Non-Village	177,873	-
Southern Humboldt - Intercity	263,645	
Southern Humboldt - Local	137,939	, <u></u>
Total TDA Funds	\$ 2,443,805	\$ -

I. Restricted Net Position

Amounts restricted by the Board of Directors for the purposes of future bus acquisition, retiree health insurance, and insurance deductible reserve are presented on the balance sheet as restricted net position totaling \$929,010 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016.

Restricted net position indicate s the portion of net position not appropriable for expenditures or amounts legally segregated for a specific future use. These amounts are not available for appropriation and expenditure at the balance sheet date.

Funds received under the Low Carbon Transit Operations Program (LCTOP) totaled \$112,775 are restricted and deferred for future purchase of an Electric Bus and charging station. Funds received from Cal OES are deferred for solar panels totaling \$62,148.

Murray Method funds have been deferred for bus acquisitions. At June 30, 2017 and 2016 funds available total \$222,639 and \$168,910, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

J. Cash and Cash Equivalents

All highly liquid investments with a maturity date of three months or less when purchased are considered to be "cash equivalents."

At June 30, 2017, the Authority's cash balances included the following:

Petty cash	\$	100
Cash on deposit with County Treasury	2,0	81,243
U.S. Bank	5	19,919
	\$ 2.6	01.262

Cash on deposit with the County Treasury is part of an investment pool, all of which is invested in securities allowable under the California Government Code. All cash invested by the County in demand deposit accounts is collateralized to 110% with approved U.S. Government securities such as Treasury Bills and other U.S. Governmental agency issues.

Cash on deposit with U.S. Bank is insured by the FDIC up to \$250,000.

Credit Risk – Investments

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

The County Treasurer's investments consist of 83.73% federal agencies, 10.22% money markets, 0.58% municipal bonds, 4.33% treasury coupons, and 1.15% certificates of deposit. The S & P credit ratings for these investments include AAA and Aa1, and non-rated for certificates of deposit and the California State Treasurer's local agency investment fund.

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2017

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

J. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, HTA will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that in the event of a failure of the counter party (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, HTA will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. Neither the California Government Code nor the County's investment policy contains legal or policy requirements that would limit HTA's exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, except that the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local government units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure District deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits. As of June 30, 2017, none of HTA's deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk - Investments

Interest rate risk is the measurement of how changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the more sensitive to changes in market interest rates of its fair value. One of the ways the County of Humboldt Treasurer manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of short-term and long-term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so a portion of its portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity to ensure the cash flow and liquidity of operations. The weighted average maturity of the County of Humboldt Treasurer's investments is 953 days.

K. Grant Accounting

Grants, entitlements or shared revenues are recorded as non-operating revenues when they are earned and are measurable.

L. Policy for Defining Operating and Non-operating Revenues

Operating revenues consist of passenger fees for services and operating expenses consist of expenses related to providing such services. Non-operating revenues consist of other revenues and expenses such as interest, grants, and government support.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

M. Policy for Applying Restricted/Unrestricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, unrestricted resources are applied first.

N. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

O. Accounts Receivable

The direct write-off method is used for recording bad debts relating to accounts receivable. Management believes the use of this method, which is not in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, does not result in amounts that would be materially different if the allowance method was used.

P. Contingent Liabilities

The Authority participates in federal and state grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The audits of these programs have not been completed and the results analyzed by the grantor agencies. Accordingly, the District's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Q. Other Post-Employment Benefits

Plan Description

In addition to the pension benefits described in F. above, HTA provides post-retirement health care benefits, in accordance with State statutes, to all retired employees with at least 5 years of service. For represented employees hired after December 19, 2012 at least 15 years of service are required. The Authority's contribution percent ranges for eligible employees depend on factors such as date of hire and years of service and range from 50% to 100%. Dependent coverage is also provided, ranging from 50% to 95%.

Funding Policy

HTA's current policy is to contribute an amount sufficient to pay the current year's premiums. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, the Authority contributed \$154,727 and \$148,376, which covered current premiums, but did not include any additional prefunding of benefits. Currently, 19 retirees are receiving benefits.

Annual OPEB and Net OPEB Obligation

The Authority's annual other postemployment (OPEB) expense is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), and an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the Authority's OPEB cost for the year, the account actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Authority's net OPEB obligation.

		6/30/2017		6/30/2016
Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$	582,098	\$	549,843
Contributions made		(154,727)		(148,376)
Increase in net OPEB obligations		427,371	-	401,467
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of fiscal year	V	2,424,230		2,022,763
Net OPEB obligation, end of fiscal year	\$	2,851,601	\$	2,424,230
Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contribution		26.6%		27.0%

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Q. Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of March 1, 2016, the actuarial study of retiree Health Liabilities, the most recent actuarial valuation date, there was no plan assets on the valuation date. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$5,163,965, the residual AAL is \$206,741, resulting in an unamortized balance of unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$4,957,224. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$2,259,366. \$2,198,666, and \$2,056,480, for the years ended June 30, 2017, 2016 and 2015, respectively. The ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 43.7%, 42.5%, and 41.8%, for the years ended June 30, 2017, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, ant the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the March 1, 2016 actuarial valuation, the entry age normal cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.5% investment rate of return, a projected salary increase assumption rate of 2.75%, an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 4% and inflation rate of 2.75%. The actuarial value of assets is not applicable (no assets as of the initial valuation date). The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of payrolls over 30 years.

Projected annual payments for the share of retiree health premiums are as follows:

Year		
Beginning	P	rojected
March 1		remiums
2017	\$	164,420
2018	\$	180,518
2019	\$	204,392

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

R. New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement no. 72 - In February 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. This standard addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2015. HTA has implemented GASB Statement No. 72 for the year ended June 30, 2016. Implementation of GASB No. 72 did not have a significant impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement no. 73 - In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. This standard establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of GASB Statement 68 and amends certain provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. The Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2016. HTA has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 74 – In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 74, Financial *Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pension Plans*, effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2016.

GASB Statement No. 75 - In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. This standard's primary objective is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions. The Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017. HTA has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 76 – In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 76, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*, for periods beginning after June 15, 2015. The objective is to identify the GAAP hierarchy used to prepare financial statements of state and local governmental entities.

GASB Statement No. 78 - In December 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 78, *Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans*, effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. This Statement amends the scope and applicability of Statement 68 to exclude pensions provided to employees of state or local governmental employers through cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans.

GASB Statement No. 79 - In December 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants, effective for periods after December 15, 2015.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

R. New Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

In June 2012, GASB issued Statement 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Statement 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans. In December 2015, GASB issued Statement 78, Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans. Under these new regulations employers are required to record the net pension liability, pension expense, and deferred outflows/deferred inflows of resources related to pensions in their financial statements as part of their financial position.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of HTA's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan (the "Plan") and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

In June 2011, the GASB issued Statement 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, which changed the structure of a government balance sheet.

<u>Deferred Outflow</u> – represents the consumption of a government's net assets that is applicable to a future period.

<u>Deferred Inflow</u> – represents the acquisition of net assets that is applicable to a future reporting period.

In March 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, which amends the classification of certain items to be included as deferred inflows and outflows.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

NOTE 2. CONFORMITY WITH TDA REGULATIONS

Excess Operating Funds Received:

The following systems did not meet the compliance requirements of Section 6634 of the California Administrative Code dealing with TDA fund eligibility. Fund eligibility is determined by subtracting actual fare revenues, depreciation, and any federal or state operating funds received for operating expenses. This amount represents the maximum allowable TDA funding for operating expenses for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

	SoHum		Willow	So Hum
	Inter City	Arcata DAR	Creek	Local
Operating Costs	\$ 644,473	¢ 147.940	¢ 200 020	Ф 172 200
. 0	St. 10 10#L (C-0223)	\$ 147,840	\$ 300,939	\$ 173,200
Less Depreciation	(85,132)	<u> </u>	(37,813)	(20,160)
Less Fare Revenues	(80,938)	(18,222)	(38,451)	(14,863)
Less Federal Operating Funds	(300,000)	_	_	-
Maximum TDA Fund Eligibilty	178,403	129,618	224,675	138,177
	lane 1			
STAF Operating Funds Received	6,945	-	2,728	5,027
TDA Funds Received	263,645	135,078	235,078	137,939
	270,590	135,078	237,806	142,966
			i	
Excess TDA Funds Received	\$ 92,187	\$ 5,460	\$ 13,131	\$ 4,789

Compliance with TDA Fund Eligibility:

HTA has several options to remedy this situation:

- a. Claims by member entities for operating costs for the following fiscal year may be reduced by the current year excess TDA funds.
- b. Members may file amended claims for the current fiscal year applying the excess fund to capital expenditures made during the current year.
- c. Members may repay the excess TDA funds to the Transportation Planning Agency (HCAOG) on demand.

HUMBOLDT TRANSIT AUTHORITY Notes to Financial Statements

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June 30, 2017

NOTE 3. FARE BOX RECOVERY RATIOS

Under Sections 6633.2 and 6633.5 of the Transportation Development Act regulations, the fixed route and demand response services must maintain specific fare box recovery ratios. Below is a calculation of the fare box recovery ratios for Redwood Transit Service, Dial-a-Ride and Willow Creek service and Southern Humboldt routes:

	Red	lwood Transit
Fare Revenue	\$	1,165,618
DEG CONTRACTOR		7 4 2 -
RTS Operating Costs	\$	4,117,307
Depreciation		(1,208,606)
Adjusted Operating Costs	\$	2,908,701
Fare Box Recovery Ratio		<u>40.07%</u>
Required Fare Box Recovery Ratio		10.00%

	Willow Creek	
Fare Revenue	\$	38,451
WC Operating Costs	\$	300,939
Depreciation		(37,813)
Adjusted Operating Costs	\$	263,126
Fare Box Recovery Ratio		<u>14.61%</u>
Required Fare Box Recovery Ratio		10.00%

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

NOTE 3. FARE BOX RECOVERY RATIOS (CONTINUED)

SoHum InterCity		
Fare Revenue	\$	80,938
SHI Operating Costs	\$	644,473
Depreciation		(85,132)
Adjusted Operating Costs	\$	559,341
Fare Box Recovery Ratio		<u>14.47%</u>
Required Fare Box Recovery Ratio		10.00%

	SoHu	ım Local
Fare Revenue	\$	14,863
SHL Operating Costs	\$	173,200
Depreciation	-	(20,160)
Adjusted Operating Costs	\$	153,040
Fare Box Recovery Ratio		<u>9.71%</u>
Required Fare Box Recovery Ratio		10.00%

	Ar	cata DAR	
Fare Revenue	\$	18,222	
DAR Operating Costs	\$	147,840	
Depreciation		:	
Adjusted Operating Costs	\$	147,840	
Fare Box Recovery Ratio		12.33%	
Required Fare Box Recovery Ratio		10.00%	

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

NOTE 4. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Authority insures against such losses with an insurance policy issued through the California Transit Insurance Pool (CalTip), a joint powers insurance authority. The coverage includes general, automobile, and public officials' errors & omissions liability, as well as vehicle physical damage insurance to a total of \$40 million, with a deductible of \$50,000 per occurrence which HTA has restricted in fund equity as insurance deductible reserves for the equivalent of two claims. HTA is not currently involved in litigation matters.

NOTE 5. PENSION PLAN

Plan Description - All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (the Plan), administered by the California Public Employees" Retirement System (CalPERS). The Plan's benefit provisions are established by State statute. The Plan is included as a pension trust fund in the CalPERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which is available online at www.calpers.ca.gov.

The Plan consists of a miscellaneous pool and a safety pool (referred to as "risk pools"), which are comprised of individual employer miscellaneous and safety rate plans, respectively, including those of the Humboldt Transit Authority. The Humboldt Transit Authority's employer rate plans in the miscellaneous risk pool include the Miscellaneous Plan and the PEPRA Miscellaneous Plan. The Humboldt Transit Authority does not have any rate plans in the safety risk pool.

Benefits Provided – The Plan provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members hired prior to January 1, 2013 with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013 with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after five years of service. The death benefit is the Basic Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

NOTE 5. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

The Plan's provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2017 are summarized as follows:

Employer Rate Plan Hire Date	Miscellaneous Prior to Jan 1, 2013	PEPRA Misc On or after Jan 1, 2013
Benefit Formula Benefit Vesting Schedule	2% at 55 5 years service	2% at 62 5 years service
Benefit Payments Retirement Age	Monthly for life 50	Monthly for life 52
Monthly benefits as a % of eligible compensation	1.426% to 2.418%	1.0% to 2.5%
Required Employee Contribution Rates Required Employer Contribution Rates	6.886% 8.377%	6.250% 6.555%

Contributions – Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The contribution rates are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. HTA is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The Humboldt Transit Authority's contributions to the risk pools in the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2017, were as follows:

	Co	ntributions
Miscellaneous Risk Pool	\$	243,840
Safety Risk Pool		
Total Contributions	\$	243,840

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

NOTE 5. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2017, HTA reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability in the amount of \$1,809,418.

The Humboldt Transit Authority's net pension liability for each risk pool is measured as the proportionate share of each risk pool's net pension liability. GASB 68 indicates that to the extent different contribution rates are assessed based on separate relationships that constitute the collective net pension liability, the determination of the employer's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability should be made in a manner that reflects those relationships. The allocation method used by CalPERS to determine each employer's proportionate share reflects those relationships through the employer rate plans they sponsor within the respective risk pools. An actuarial measurement of the employer's rate plan liability and asset-related information are used where available, and proportional allocations of individual employer rate plan amounts as of the valuation date are used where not available.

The Humboldt Transit Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2015, the valuation date, was calculated as follows:

In determining an employer's proportionate share, the employer rate plans included in the Plan were assigned to either the Miscellaneous or Safety risk pool. Estimates of the total pension liability and the fiduciary net position were first determined for the individual rate plans and each risk pool as of the valuation date, June 30, 2015. Each employer rate plan's fiduciary net position was subtracted from its total pension liability to obtain its net pension liability as of the valuation date was calculated by dividing the Humboldt Transit Authority's net pension liability for each of its employer rate plans within each risk pool by the net pension liability of the respective risk pool as of the valuation date.

HTA's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2016, the measurement date, was calculated as follows:

Each risk pool's total pension liability was computed at the measurement date, June 30, 2016, by applying standard actuarial roll-forward methods to the total pension liability amounts as of the valuation date. The fiduciary net position for each risk pool at the measurement date was determined by CalPERS' Financial Office. The net pension liability for each risk pool at June 30, 2016, was computed by subtracting the respective risk pool's fiduciary net position from its total pension liability.

The individual employer risk pool's proportionate share percentage of the total pension liability and fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2016, was calculated by applying HTA's proportionate share percentage as of the valuation date to the respective risk pool's total pension liability and fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2016, to obtain the total pension liability and fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2016. The fiduciary net position was then subtracted from total pension liability to obtain the net pension liability as of the measurement date.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

NOTE 5. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

The Humboldt Transit Authority's proportionate share percentage of the net pension liability for each risk pool as of June 30, 2015, and June 30, 2016, was as follows:

	Miscellaneous Risk Pool
Proportion at measurement date - June 30, 2015	0.049912%
Proportion at measurement date - June 30, 2016	0.052086%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.002174%
a reconstruction of the second	0.0021717

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Humboldt Transit Authority recognized pension expense of \$264,272. At June 30, 2017, the Humboldt Transit Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

D	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
<u>/</u>	Resources	Resources
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience \$	n=	\$ (1,563)
Change in assumptions		(79,440)
Net Difference between Projected and Actual Earnings on		()
Pension Plan Investments	334,904	
Differences between the employer's contributions and the		
employer's proportionate share of contributions	20,948	(20,910)
Differences between Actual and Required Contributions	7,076	(68,549)
Contributions after Measurement Date	243,840	-
States in the		
Total \$	606,768	\$ (170,462)

Amounts other than contributions subsequent to the measurement date reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

	Defe	erred
Measurement Date	Outflows	/(Inflows)
June 30:	of Res	ources
2017		(23,283)
2018		(9,151)
2019		135,807
2020		89,093
2021		-
Total	\$	192,466

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

NOTE 5. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – For the measurement period ended June 30, 2016 (the measurement date), the total pension liability for the Plan was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Miscellaneous

Valuation Date June 30, 2015 Measurement Date June 30, 2016 Actuarial Cost Method Entry-age normal cost method Actuarial Assumptions: Discount Rate 7.65% Inflation 2.75% Payroll Growth 3.0% Projected Salary Increase Varies by entry age and service Investment Rate of Return 7.5% (a) Derived using CalPERS's Mortality membership data for all funds

(a) - Net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Discount Rate — The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 7.65 percent. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.65 percent discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report, GASB Statements 67 and 68 Crossover Testing Report for Measurement Date June 30, 2016 based on June 30, 2015 Valuations, which can be obtained from the CalPERS website.

According to Paragraph 30 of Statement 68, the long-term discount rate should be determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The 7.65% investment return assumption used in this accounting valuation is net of administrative expenses. Administrative expenses are assumed to be 15 basis points. An investment return excluding administrative expenses would have been 7.65%. Using this rate has resulted in a slightly higher total pension liability and net pension liability. CalPERS checked the materiality threshold for the difference in calculation and did not find it to be a material difference.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

NOTE 5. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class	New Strate Allocation		Real Return Years 1 - 10 (a)	Real Return Years 11+ (b)
Global Equity		51%	5.25%	5.71%
Global Fixed Income	~	20%	0.99%	2.43%
Inflation Sensitive		6%	0.45%	3.36%
Private Equity		10%	6.83%	6.95%
Real Estate		10%	4.50%	5.13%
Infrastructure and Forestland		2%	4.50%	5.09%
Liquidity		1%	-0.55%	-1.05%
		100%		

⁽a) - An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period

⁽b) - An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

NOTE 5. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate — The following presents HTA's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what HTA's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Discount Rate less 1% 6.7%	Current Discount 7.7%	Discount Rate plus 1% 8.7%
Net pension liability	\$2,900,699	\$1,809,418	\$907,529

NOTE 6. CAPITAL GRANTS - PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION MODERNIZATION

IMPROVEMENT AND SERVICE ENHANCEMENT ACCOUNT

In November 2006, California voters passed a bond measure enacting the Highway Safety, Air Quality and Port Security Bond of 2006. Of the \$19.925 billion of State general obligation bonds authorized, \$4 billion was set aside by the State as instructed by the statute as the Public Transportation Modernization Improvement and Service Enhancement Account (PTMISEA). These funds are available to the California Department of Transportation for intercity rail projects and to transit operators in California for rehabilitation, safety or modernization improvements, capital service enhancements or expansions, capital projects, rapid transit improvements or rolling stock procurement, rehabilitation, & replacement.

As of June 30, 2016, PTMISEA funds received and expended were verified in the course of our audit as follows:

Unexpended PTMISEA Funds at June 30, 2015 PTMISEA funds received 2015-2016 Bank fees	\$ 1,110,742 76,120
	(33)
Interest earned through June 30, 2016	4,370
Subtotal	1,191,199
Expenditures Remitted funds to City of Fortuna	(4,485)
and the state of t	
Fueling Island	(78,512)
Bus Purchases	(1,108,202)
Subtotal	(1,191,199)
Unexpended PTMISEA funds at June 30, 2016	\$,-

HUMBOLDT TRANSIT AUTHORITY Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

NOTE 7. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated all known events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through December 18, 2017, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 8. RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain amounts have been reclassified in the prior year financial statements to conform to the current year presentation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



HUMBOLDT TRANSIT AUTHORITY Combining Schedule of Net Position June 30, 2017

ASSETS

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TOTAL	\$ 1,494,759 1,106,504 2,601,263	198,631 719,500 303,988 35,631 3,859,016	10,581,242	606,768	\$ 15,047,026	TOTAL	\$ 196,681 26,786 52,621 397,562 223,599 222,309 1,119,558	3,000 1,809,418 2,851,601 4,664,019	5,783,577	170,462	10,581,242	100,000 814,010 15,000 929,010	(2,417,265)	9,092,987	\$ 15,047,026
SOHUM- LOCAL	\$ 158,875 65,611 224,486	71,000	121,005	1	\$ 416,491	SOHUM- LOCAL	69	. 32,931 159,690 192,621	192,621		121,005	65,611	37,254	223,870	\$ 416,491
SOHUM- INTERCITY	\$ 187,063	300,000	535,347	,	\$ 1,022,410	SOHUM- INTERCITY	G9	84,138 225,276 309,414	309,414		535,347		177,649	712,996	\$ 1,022,410
DAR	\$ 79,944 - 79,944	79,944			\$ 79,944	DAR	\$ 12,203	1 1 3 3	12,203			1 ()	67,741	67,741	\$ 79,944
TNT	\$ 95,785	95,785	37,652	1	\$ 133,437	TNT		49,578	49,578	1	37,652		46,207	83,859	\$ 133,437
ETS	301,097	36,726	361		\$ 338,184 ET POSITION	ETS	\$ 94,222 - - - 94,222	314,839 938,177 1,253,016	1,347,238	•	361	T 6.7 T	(1,009,415)	(1,009,054)	\$ 338,184
WILLOW CREEK	\$ 271,112 2,673	273,785	212,618		= \$ 486,403 \$ 338,1 LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	WILLOW CREEK	69	49,035 3,707 52,742	52,742	1	212,618	2,673	218,370	- 433,661	\$ 486,403
AMRTS MAINT.	\$ 29,882	4,956			\$ 34,838 LIA	AMRTS MAINT.	\$ 4,813		4,813				30,025	30,025	\$ 34,838
RTS	\$ 371,001 1,038,220 1,409,221	156,949 348,500 303,988 35,631 2,254,292	9,674,259	606,768	\$ 12,535,319	RTS	\$ 85,443 26,786 52,621 397,562 223,599 222,309 1,008,320	3,000 1,278,897 1,524,751 2,806,648	3,814,968	170,462	9,674,259	100,000 745,726 15,000 860,726	(1,985,096)	8,549,889	\$ 12,535,319
	Current Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents On Hand and in Deposit Accounts Restricted Cash Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	Accounts Receivable Grant Receivables Employee Advances Materials and Supplies Inventory (at cost) Prepaid Expenses Total Current Assets	Property, Plant and Equipment, Net	Deferred Outflows of Resources	TOTAL ASSETS		Current Liabilities Trade Payable Insurance Payable DAR Liability Deferred Income Deferred Fare Revenue Accrued Payroll Liabilities Total Current Liabilities	Long-Term Liabilities Lease Deposit Pension Liability Net OPEB Obligation Total Long-Term Liabilities	TOTAL LIABILITIES	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	Restricted Net Position Insurance Deductible Reserve Equipment Acquistion Retire's Heath Insurance Total Restricted Net Position	Unrestricted Net Position	Total Net Position	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION

HUMBOLDT TRANSIT AUTHORITY
Combining Schedule of Revenues. Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

137,188 4,397,373 71,852 146,436 1,093,821 225,240 292,864 3,632 (4,944,077)1,488,449 6,120 2,443,805 300,000 1,056,322 1,862 33,600 110,121 (1,728,101)427,222 280,656 ,376,812 29,911 (11.167) 5,716 (868,235) 8,731 3,215,976 9,961,222 9,092,987 TOTAL 14,863 (158,337) 14,863 72,969 17,029 SOHUM-23,543 173,200 137,939 5,027 (15,371)(15,371) 3,136 20,160 \$ 223,870 LOCAL 142,966 \$ 239,241 INTERCITY 80,938 80,938 34,753 85,132 644,473 (563,535) 70,639 263,645 248,104 6,945 7,055 SOHUM-199,76 7,055 \$ 712,996 705,941 Combined 15,638 146,436 3,592 336,378 (136,602) (156)\$ 18,222 181,554 199,776 74,784 1,368 (156)135,078 136,446 67,897 67,741 DAR (193,402)19,905 12,144 34,793 25,165 5,240 (10,289)200,574 78,722 2,711 177,873 68,433 15,426 25,101 183,113 83,859 TNT 69 (84,966)157 956,923 27,119 17,816 633,301 1,845 132,765 6,547 139,516 100,953 957,080 1,042,046 17,816 (67,150)(67,150)(941,904)\$ (1,009,054) ETS WILLOW CREEK 37,593 (262,488)2,629 38,451 95,383 43,599 31,535 37,813 2,728 (24,682)\$ 35,822 300,939 235,078 \$ (24,682) 237,806 \$ 458,343 \$ 433,661 46,105 AMRTS MAINT. 47,775 74,640 8,159 90,000 3,669 8,130 11,799 1,862 132,436 8,130 11,799 18,226 \$ 30,025 621,014 122,418 234,674 (339,112) 6,120 (245,281) 91,083 (3,548,416) 257,343 54,369 1,208,606 (1,629,307)899,148 9,995 33,600 (11,167)348,500 280,656 5,716 3,123,187 110,121 253,721 29,911 146,272 781,144 1,494,192 1,919,109 (848,163) \$ 8,549,889 9,398,052 Total Nonoperating Revenues NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR CHANGE IN NET POSITION BEFORE Proceeds on Disposal of Capital Assets Total Operating Revenues Total Operating Expenses Repairs, Supplies, & Maintenance Casualty and Liability Insurance Total Capital Grants NET POSITION, END OF YEAR PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) NONOPERATING REVENUES State - Prop 1B Cal OES State Operating - STAF CHANGE IN NET POSITION OPERATING REVENUES Other Operating Revenue Purchased Transportation TDA Assessments OPERATING EXPENSES Allocated Administration Contract Transportation Allocated Maintenance Professional Services Federal - FTA CAPITAL GRANTS Other / County Federal - FTA State - STAF Labor and Benefits Leases and Rentals CAPITAL GRANTS Facility Expenses CalOES Expenses Operating Grants Rents & Leases Interest Income Capital Grants: Depreciation Advertising

HUMBOLDT TRANSIT AUTHORITY Combining Schedule of Net Position June 30, 2016

ASSETS

TOTAL	1,541,651 1,047,685 2,589,336	444,294 261,000 3 316,269 188,557 3,799,839	11,160,124	560,363		AL	88,446 184,132 223,466 287,585 197,731 238,582 219,942	3,000 1,369,305 2,424,230 3,796,535	5,016,477	542,647	11,160,124	100,000 814,010 15,000 929,010	(2,127,912)	9,961,222	0,346
TO	\$ 1,5	4.9 8 1/5,8	1,1	560,363		TOTAL	\$ 182 282 182 182 182 182 182 182 182 182	1,36 2,42 3,73	5,01	54	11,16	81 81 92	(2,12	96'6	\$ 15,520,346
SOHUM- LOCAL	\$ 124,563	71,000	203,007	\$ 398,570		SOHUM- LOCAL	64	- 23,573 135,756 159,329	159,329	1	203,007	65,611	(29,377)	239,241	\$ 398,570
SOHUM- INTERCITY	15,897	190,000	751,784	. 957,681		SOHUM- INTERCITY	9	60,226 191,514 251,740	251,740		751,784	T 3 1 1	(45,843)	705,941	\$ 957,681
DAR	\$ 90,682	90,682		\$ 90,682		DAR	\$ 22,785	1 0 1	22,785	1	1		67,897	67,897	\$ 90,682
TNT	\$ 50,913	50,913		\$ 50,913	ION	TNT		35,488	35,488				15,425	15,425	\$ 50,913
ETS	\$ 39,338	46,094		\$ 85,432	LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	ETS	4,402	225,361 797,572 1,022,933	1,027,335	1		7 7 1 1	(941,903)	(941,903)	\$ 85,432
WILLOW CREEK	\$ 221,222		275,372	\$ 496,594	LIABILITIES /	WILLOW CREEK	50	35,099 3,152 38,251	38,251	•	275,372	2,673	180,298	458,343	\$ 496,594
AMRTS MAINT.	\$ 20,431	2,730	4	\$ 23,161		AMRTS MAINT.	\$ 4,935 - - 4,935		4,935	1			18,226	18,226	\$ 23,161
RTS	\$ 978,605 1,047,685 2,026,290	395,470 - 3 316,269 188,957 2,926,989	9,929,961	\$ 13,417,313		RTS	\$ 56,324 184,132 223,466 287,885 197,731 238,582 1,187,820	3,000 989,558 1,296,236 2,288,794	3,476,614	542,647	9,929,961	100,000 745,726 15,000 860,726	(1,392,635)	9,398,052	\$ 13,417,313
Current Assets	Cash and Cash Equivalents On Hand and in Deposit Accounts Restricted Cash Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	Accounts Receivable Grant Receivables Employee Advances Materials and Supplies Inventory (at cost) Prepaid Expenses Total Current Assets	Property, Plant and Equipment, Net	Deferred Outflows of Resources TOTAL ASSETS			Current Liabilities Trade Payable Insurance Payable DAR Liability Deferred Income Deferred Fare Revenue Accrued Payroll Liabilities Total Current Liabilities	Long-Term Liabilities Lease Deposit Pension Liability Net OPEB Obligation Total Long-Term Liabilities	TOTAL LIABILITIES	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	Restricted Net Position Insurance Deductible Reserve Equipment Acquisition Retiree's Heath Insurance Total Restricted Net Position	Unrestricted Net Position	Total Net Position	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION

HUMBOLDT TRANSIT AUTHORITY
Combining Schedule of Revenues. Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

16,738 94,076 21,263 (53,528) 135,822 170,842 (4,434,623)19,200 1,398,563 1,047,650 3,977,081 193,111 ,292,469 107,222 (186,818) (1,446,349)2,582,035 223,007 218,705 2,988,274 1,046,334 7,016,658 2,542,269 319,442 1,098,628 609,856 3,030,535 1,584,186 8,377,036 9,961,222 TOTAL S 3,633 (139,781) (29,524)14,202 24,470 153,983 43,511 4,257 106,000 110,257 71,000 40,976 111,976 82,452 8,091 156,789 239,241 SOHUM-LOCAL 69 60 81,253 (88,513) INTERCITY 81,253 8,055 34,388 80,075 (469,968)150,000 1,057 (32,624)232,950 19,651 176,102 437,344 190,000 190,000 157,376 551,221 548,565 705,941 SOHUM-5 15,360 28,088 43,448 20,768 16,738 (180,536) 170,842 15,636 223,984 (22,562)(22,562)135,078 22,896 157,974 90,459 Combined 67,897 DAR 6,133 (186,091) 6,133 75,530 5,328 8,605 51,422 26,229 167,114 172,692 3,715 15,426 176,407 \$ 15,426 \$ 15,426 TNT 9,409 18,487 231,932 3,813 661,554 949,569 (11,457)3,813 (7,644)(7,644)287,775 94,093 961,026 607,105 (934,260) (941,904) ETS 69 69 2,676 31,129 53,335 396,468 (253,736) 259,507 (98,305) 68,705 287 40,056 83,653 3,945 21,874 (23,542)230,194 77,000 53,458 WILLOW CREEK 404,885 458,343 49 42,678 90,000 66,803 37,512 915 27,448 27,448 (9,222)27,448 18,226 AMRTS MAINT. 283,417 21,263 (53,528) 50,155 265,332 92,904 1,312,020 374,032 6,871 19,200 730,000 1,098,628 609,856 (3,245,612)519 (1,373,327)213,075 953,784 2,852,205 1,166,050 1,494,192 1,278,232 8,119,820 9,398,052 RTS S Total Nonoperating Revenues Total Operating Revenues Total Operating Expenses NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR Excess TDA Assessments Repaid Total Capital Grants CHANGE IN NET POSITION BEFORE Repairs, Supplies, & Maintenance Casualty and Liability Insurance Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets Capital Expense Reimbursement State - Prop 1B PTMISEA NET POSITION, END OF YEAR NONOPERATING REVENUES PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) State Operating - STAF CHANGE IN NET POSITION OPERATING REVENUES Other Operating Revenue Purchased Transportation OPERATING EXPENSES Operating Grants TDA Assessments Contract Transportation Professional Services CAPITAL GRANTS Other / County Federal - FTA Federal - FTA Labor and Benefits Leases and Rentals State - STAF CAPITAL GRANTS Rents & Leases Interest Income Administration Capital Grants: Miscellaneous Maintenance Depreciation Advertising

HUMBOLDT TRANSIT AUTHORITY <u>SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS *</u> <u>CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM</u> June 30, 2017

	June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015		
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$	243,840	\$ 203,417	\$	183,998	
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(243,840)	\$ (203,417)	_\$_	(183,998)	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	1,962,831	\$ 1,845,624	\$	1,701,088	
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		12.42%	11.02%		10.82%	
NOTES TO SCHEDULE: Actuarial valuation date		6/30/2014	6/30/2013	6	/30/2012	

^{* -} Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation.

SCHEDULE OF HTA'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE LAST TEN CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

June 30, 2017 LAST TEN YEARS *

	Measurement Date June 30, 2016			surement Date ne 30, 2015	Measurement Date June 30,		
Plan's proportion of the net pension liability	7	0.020911%		0.019949%		0.021640%	
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	1,809,418	\$	1,369,305	\$	1,346,438	
Plan's covered-employee payroll **	\$	1,799,344	\$	1,845,624	\$	1,701,088	
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered-employee payroll		100.56%		74.19%		79.15%	
CalPERS State-wide fiduciary net positions		\$10,923,476,287	\$10	0,896,039,068	\$10	,639,461,174	
CalPERS State-wide total pension liability		\$14,397,353,530	\$1:	3,639,503,084	\$13	,110,948,452	
Plan's proportionate share of the fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		77.68%		82.07%		81.21%	

NOTES TO SCHEDULE:

Benefit changes: There were no changes to benefit terms in 2017 Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in assumptions in 2017

<u>Changes in assumptions:</u> For 2016 audit, the discount rate was changed from 7.5%(net of administrative costs) to 7.65% to correct for an adjustment to exclude administrative expense.

^{*} Fiscal Year 2015 was the first year of implementation.

^{**} Valuation year payroll increased by assumed 3% increase.

MANAGEMENT LETTER



December 18, 2017

Board of Directors Humboldt Transit Authority 133 V Street Eureka, California 95501

Ladies and Gentlemen,

We have audited the financial statements of Humboldt Transit Authority (HTA) for the year ended June 30, 2017 and have issued our report thereon dated December 18, 2017. As part of our audit, we reviewed and tested HTA's system of internal accounting control to the extent we considered necessary to evaluate the system as required by generally accepted auditing standards.

The objective of internal accounting control is to provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance as to the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability of assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a system of internal accounting control should not exceed the benefits derived and also recognizes that the evaluation of these factors necessarily requires estimates and judgments by management.

There are inherent limitations that should be recognized in considering the potential effectiveness of any system of internal control. In the performance of most control procedures, errors can result from misunderstanding of instructions, mistakes of judgment, carelessness, or other factors. Control procedures whose effectiveness depends upon segregation of duties can be circumvented by collusion. Similarly, control procedures can be circumvented intentionally by management with respect either to the execution and recording of transactions or with respect to estimates and judgments required in the preparation of financial statements. Further, projection of any evaluation of internal accounting control to future periods is subject to the risk that the procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions and that the degree of compliance with the procedures may deteriorate.

Board of Directors Humboldt Transit Authority Page 2

Our study and evaluation of HTA's system of internal accounting control for the year ended June 30, 2017 which was made for the purpose set forth in the first paragraph above, would not necessarily disclose all weaknesses in the system. However, we submit, for your consideration, our comments and recommendations on the operating methods, accounting policies and procedures, and other matters which came to our attention during the course of the audit.

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS

1. Compliance with TDA Fund Eligibility:

Excess Operating Funds Received:

As shown in Note 2 to the financial statements, the following systems did not meet the compliance requirements of Section 6634 of the California Administrative Code dealing with TDA fund eligibility. Fund eligibility is determined by subtracting actual fare revenues, depreciation, and any federal operating funds received from operating expenses. This amount represents the maximum allowable TDA funding for operating expenses for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

	SoHum	*	Willow	So Hum
	Inter City	Arcata DAR	Creek	Local
	The state of the s			
Operating Costs	\$ 644,473	\$ 147,840	\$300,939	\$173,200
Less Depreciation	(85,132)	G -1 1	(37,813)	(20,160)
Less Fare Revenues	(80,938)	(18,222)	(38,451)	(14,863)
Less Federal Operating Funds	(300,000)		_	_
Maximum TDA Fund Eligibilty	178,403	129,618	224,675	138,177
¥				
STAF Operating Funds Received	6,945	-	2,728	5,027
TDA Funds Received	263,645	135,078	235,078	137,939
	270,590	135,078	237,806	142,966
Excess TDA Funds Received	\$ 92,187	\$ 5,460	\$ 13,131	\$ 4,789

Recommendation: HTA has several options to remedy this situation:

- a. Claims by member entities for operating costs for the following fiscal year may be reduced by the current year excess TDA funds.
- b. Members may file amended claims for the current fiscal year applying the excess fund to capital expenditures made during the current year.
- c. Members may repay the excess TDA funds to the Transportation Planning Agency (HCAOG) on demand.

Board of Directors Humboldt Transit Authority Page 3

2. Non-Compliance with TDA Minimum Fare box Recovery Ratios

Per TDA Code Section 99268.8, minimum mandatory Fare box Recovery Ratio compliance testing for the two Southern Humboldt routes began for the year ended June 30, 2013. Southern Humboldt Local route is required to maintain a fare box ratio of 10%. According to our calculations, fare box recovery ratio for the Southern Humboldt Local route was 9.71% and did not meet the minimum 10% for June 30, 2017.

If an operator fails to maintain its required fare box ratio for two fiscal years, (not necessarily consecutive years), the TDA/STA allocation will be reduced during a subsequent penalty year by the amount of the difference between the required fare revenues and the actual fare revenues received in the second year of non-compliance. In this fiscal year, which is the noncompliance year, there is no change in eligibility since all operators are allowed one grace year for a first time failure to meet a required fare box recovery ratio.

<u>Recommendation:</u> HTA needs to increase ridership, thus increase fare revenue and reduce operating costs for the Southern Humboldt Local route in order to meet the minimum fare box ratio in the future.

The above recommendations and comments are intended to be constructive suggestions on ways to improve the policies and procedures of HTA. They are not intended to be all-inclusive of the areas in which improvements might be achieved. Should you have any questions regarding these comments or any other matters, please contact us.

In conclusion, we wish to thank the staff of Humboldt Transit Authority for their cooperation and assistance during our audit.

ANDERSON, LUCAS, SOMERVILLE & BORGES, LLP