# HUMBOLDT TRANSIT AUTHORITY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AND

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

JUNE 30, 2021

### **Table of Contents**

### June 30, 2021 and 2020

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statements of Net Position	Exhibit A
Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in	
Net Position	Exhibit B
Statements of Cash Flows	Exhibit C
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	Exhibit D
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Combining Schedule of Net Position, June 30, 2021	Exhibit E
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes	DAIIIOII D
In Net Position, Year Ended June 30, 2021	Exhibit F
Combining Schedule of Net Position, June 30, 2020	Exhibit G
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes	
In Net Position, Year Ended June 30, 2020	Exhibit H
Schedule of Contributions	T71-11-14 T
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	Exhibit I Exhibit J
Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability	Exhibit K
SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS	
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and	30
on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance.	30
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial	33
Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an	33
Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
Government Auditing Standards.	
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	35
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	36

### MANAGEMENT LETTER

Anderson, Lucas, Somerville & Borges, LLP 1338 Main Street Fortuna, CA 95540

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors Humboldt Transit Authority

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of Humboldt Transit Authority as of and for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement's

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Board of Directors Humboldt Transit Authority

### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of Humboldt Transit Authority, as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America required to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that comprise Humboldt Transit Authority's basic financial statements. The combining schedules in Exhibits E through H are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Contributions and Schedule of Proportionate Share of CalPERS, and the Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability, in Exhibits I through K, are required supplementary information and is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining schedules, and schedules required under GASB 68 and GASB 75 are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedules Exhibit E through Exhibit K are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Our audit was also made for the purpose of determining compliance with the Transportation Development Act Section 99260, the California Administrative Code and the rules and regulations of the Humboldt County Association of Governments. In our audit, we performed, to the extent applicable, the tasks contained in Section 6667 of the California Administrative Code.

Board of Directors Humboldt Transit Authority

In our opinion, except as discussed in Note 2 and 3, the funds described above were expended in conformity with the applicable laws, rules, and regulations of the Transportation Development Act and the allocation instructions of the Humboldt County Association of Governments.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 30, 2022, on our consideration of Humboldt Transit Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Humboldt Transit Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Humboldt Transit Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance

ANDERSON, LUCAS, SOMERVILLE & BORGES, LLP

May 30, 2022 Fortuna, California

## BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Statements of Net Position

June 30, 2021 and 2020

**ASSETS** 

	<del></del>	2021	2020
Current Assets			2020
<u>Cash and Cash Equ</u>	<u>ivalents</u>		
On Hand	and in Deposit Accounts	\$ 231,571	\$ 810,025
Restricte	d Cash	1,918,003	1,213,842
	Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,149,574	2,023,867
		. ,	,,
Accounts Receivable		1,390,426	1,198,352
Grants Receivable		1,688,409	446,075
Employee Advances		3	3
Materials and Supplie	s Inventory (at cost)	282,036	256,146
Prepaid Expenses		19,158	31,358
	Total Current Assets	5,529,606	3,955,801
	··· <del>·</del>	0,227,500	5,705,001
Long-term Assets			
Property, Plant and Ed	quipment, Net	8,591,789	9,897,814
Work in Progress		1,101,652	1,008,735
	Total Long-term Assets	9,693,441	10,906,549
		2,020,111	10,200,349
Deferred Outflows of Resources-	Pension	699,152	722,045
Deferred Outflows of Resources-	OPEB	1,308,133	1,472,751
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		g	1,474,131
	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,007,285	2,194,796
		A	
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERI	RED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 17,230,332	\$ 17,057,146
			0 27,00 1,110
	LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION A	*	
Current Liabilities	~ ##		
Trade Payables	Marine M	\$ 156,622	\$ 97.032
Insurance Payable		,	,
Deferred Income		58,337	70,588
DAR Liability		929,626	301,306
Unearned Fares		120,059	87,768
		289,606	264,591
Accrued Payroll Liabil		384,364	424,911
	Total Current Liabilities	1,938,614	1,246,196
I ama dama I Sabiliti			
Long-term Liabilities			
Lease Deposit		-	3,000
Net Pension Liability	· <b>v</b>	2,496,596	2,278,561
Net OPEB Obligation		7,609,928	7,089,861
	Total Long-term Liabilities	10,106,524	9,371,422
			·
	Total Liabilities	12,045,138	10,617,618
Deferred Inflows of Resources- Po		90,613	116,783
Deferred Inflows of Resources - C	<u>PPEB</u>	1,148,912	1,337,259
	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,239,525	1,454,042
Net Position			
Invested In	Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	9,693,441	10,906,549
Restricted Net Positio	<u>n</u>		
Insurance l	Deductible Reserve	100,000	100,000
Equipment	Acquisition	1,042,347	805,253
Retiree's H	ealth Insurance	15,000	15,000
Total Restricted Net P	osition	1,157,347	920,253
		13.073517	720,233
Unrestricted Net Posit	ion	(6,905,119)	(6.843.216)
	<del></del>	(0,703,117)	(6,841,316)
Prior Period Adjustm	ent		
	<del></del>	-	-
Total Net Position		2 045 660	4 000 400
X OURSION		3,945,669	4,985,486
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERR	ED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION	\$ 17 320 222	£ 17.057 146
		\$ 17,230,332	\$ 17,057,146

### Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

With Comparative Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Budget		2021 Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	2020 Actual
OPERATING REVENUES						
Fares Contract Transportation	\$	984,801	\$	648,086	(336,715)	\$ 1,137,054
Contract Maintenance		372,855		1,008,631	635,776	961,790
Other Revenue		43,500		40,880	(2,620)	1,891 49,770
Total Operating Revenues		1,401,156		1,697,597	296,441	2,150,505
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Labor and Benefits		4,639,109		5,331,655	(692,546)	5,143,289
Professional Services		125,000		100,101	24,899	72,694
Purchased Transportation		800,440		813,673	(13,233)	790,686
Repairs, Supplies, & Maintenance		1,242,641		762,650	479,991	876,346
Casualty and Liability Insurance		611,137		442,477	168,660	463,285
Facility and Utilities Leases and Rentals		200,400		366,667	(166,267)	439,024
Miscellaneous		12,498		12,283	215	13,076
Advertising		110,787 25,000		41,213	69,574	79,586
Travel and Transportation		17,100		7,221 1,204	17,779 15,896	10,803
Bad Debt		17,100	11	1,204	13,890	8,556
Depreciation .		- /	K.	1,545,637	(1,545,637)	1,517,522
Total Operating Expenses		7,784,112	1	9,424,781	(1,640,669)	9,414,867
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(6,382,956)		(7,727,184)	(1,344,228)	(7,264,362)
NONOPERATING REVENUES						
Advertising		45,600		51,000	5,400	48,705
Rents and Leases	H	132,600		145,918	13,318	135,228
Operating Grants	1			•	,	155,225
TDA Assessments	Ì	ૅઉ,600,471 *	t .	2,834,625	(765,846)	2,903,657
Federal - FTA		₹099,981		1,114,981	15,000	719,000
Federal - Cares Act State Operating - STAF	. =>			1,963,953	1,963,953	
State Operating - STAT		1,015,910 * 180,087	-11	356,033	(659,877)	970,984
Interest Income		5,000		200,087 5,772	20,000 772	146,706
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets		5,000		(5,127)	(5,127)	30,157
Grant Expenses		**		(136,784)	(136,784)	(65,193) (94,604)
Total Nonoperating Revenues		6,079,649		6,530,458	450,809	4,794,640
				- ,	,	1,1-1,010
CHANGE IN NET POSITION BEFORE CAPITAL GRANTS		(303,307) *	*	(1,196,726)	(893,419)	(2,469,722)
LCTOP Deferred Revenue <u>CAPITAL GRANTS</u>		303,307				
Federal Transportation (5311)		240 044			(2.12.2.1)	
State - Adaptation Grant		342,844		42 820	(342,844)	342,844
State - LCTOP		71,167		43,830 26,879	(27, <b>33</b> 7) 26, <b>8</b> 79	71,167
State - Cal OES		_		20,879	20,017	(2.087)
State - STAF		_		86,200	86,200	(2,087) 603,884
State - SGR		53,970		-	(53,970)	53,970
City of Eureka Capital (LTF)		-		-	• •	444,181
County		200,000		-	(200,000)	400,000
Total Capital Grants		667,981		156,909	(511,072)	1,913,959
Grant Expenditures		(667,981)	_		667,981	<del></del>
Net Capital Expenditures		н		156,909	156,909	1,913,959
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		<del>-</del>		(1,039,817)	(736,510)	(555,763)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR			\$	4,985,486		\$ 5,653,729
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT - AR Adj				-		(112,480)
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR			\$	3,945,669		\$ 4,985,486

<sup>\*</sup> Budget was not revised for reduction in STA and TDA funds in 2021

<sup>\*\*</sup> Budget reports LCTOP revenue which is deferred to 2022.

## HUMBOLDT TRANSIT AUTHORITY Statements of Cash Flows

For the Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

	2021	2020
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 287,193	\$ 692,542
Cash Paid for Goods and Services	(2,189,816)	(2,717,262)
Cash Paid for Employees	(5,372,202)	(5,043,369)
Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities	(7,274,825)	(7,068,089)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Operating Grant Revenue	6,524,686	4,764,483
Contract Transportation	1,008,631	961,790
Miscellaneous Revenue	711,096	738,609
Net Cash Provided by Non-Capital Financing Activities	8,244,413	6,464,882
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	•	
Capital Grant Revenue	(511,997)	1,751,070
Proceeds from sale of assets	3,506	4,402
Acquisition of Property, Plant, and Equipment	(341,162)	(1,546,777)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(849,653)	208,695
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest on Investments	5,772	30,157
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	5,772	30,157
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	125,707	(364,355)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of Year	2,023,867	2,388,222
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - End of Year	\$ 2,149,574	\$ 2,023,867

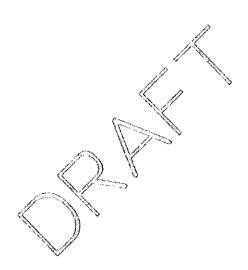
## HUMBOLDT TRANSIT AUTHORITY Statements of Cash Flows

For the Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

## RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	2021	2020
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (7,727,184)	\$ (7,264,362)
Prior Period Adjustment to Accts Receivable	-	-
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to		
Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities:		
Depreciation	1,545,637	1,517,522
Loss on Sale of Capital Assets	5,127	65,193
Nonoperating Revenue (Included in Operating Income Tôtal)	(1,008,631)	(961,790)
Changes in Assets and Liabilities		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
(Increase) Decrease in Assets		
Receivables	(765,502)	(107,518)
Materials and Supplies Inventory	(25,890)	56,401
Prepaid Expenses	12,200	3,961
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities		
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	79,630	(88,761)
Lease Deposit	(3,000)	-
Deferred Income	363,729	(388,655)
Unearned Fares	289,606	-
Accrued Payroll Liabilities	(40,547)	99,920
Net Cash (Used) By Operating Activities	\$ (7,274,825)	\$ (7,068,089)

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### A. Organization

Humboldt Transit Authority (HTA) is a public agency created on January 28, 1975 by a joint exercise of powers agreement between Humboldt County and the cities of Arcata, Eureka and Fortuna, later amended to include Rio Dell and Trinidad. The local transportation revenues are claimed by the parties to the agreement and, when approved by the Humboldt County Association of Governments, are paid out of the County of Humboldt's Local Transportation Trust Fund to the parties. The City of Eureka contracts with HTA to administer and operate the Eureka Transit System and administer the Eureka Dial-a-Ride paratransit service. HTA also contracts with Humboldt County to provide service from Arcata to Willow Creek, and to the Southern Humboldt area. The City of Arcata contracts with HTA to administer its Dial-a-Ride paratransit service.

The parties to the agreement provided Local Transportation Funds to the Authority in the following ratio during the year ended June 30, 2021:

	RTS	Willow <u>Creek</u>	So Humboldt  InterCity	Eureka Transit	Old Arcata <u>Road</u>
Arcata	14.4%		, <u></u>	<del></del>	
Eureka	22.6%		9		
Fortuna	9.9%				
Rio Dell	2.8%				
Trinidad	0.3%				
Humboldt Co.	50.0%	100%	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>
	100.0%	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>

The following is a schedule of Joint Powers Authority members' assessments:

	<u>RTS</u>	Willow	So Humboldt		Old Arcata
		<u>Creek</u>	<u>InterCity</u>	<u>Transit</u>	<u>Road</u>
Arcata	\$ 236,682				
Eureka	372,875				
Fortuna	163,697				
Rio Dell	46,222				
Trinidad	5,029				
Humboldt Co.	 824,525	278,152	573,614	323,829	10,000
	\$ 1,649,030	\$ 278,152	\$ 573,614	\$ 323,829	\$ 10,000

June 30, 2021

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### B. Basis of Accounting

The Authority's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). Governmental entities are also required to follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued through November 30, 1989 (when applicable) that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The Authority has elected to apply FASB pronouncements issued after that date to its business-type activities and enterprise funds.

The Authority uses the accrual method of accounting. Under this method of accounting, revenues are recognized when they are earned and measurable and expenses are recognized when the related liabilities are incurred.

In June 1999, the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) unanimously approved Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments. Certain of the significant changes in the Statements include the following:

- 1. Financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all the Authority's activities;
- 2. A change in the fund financial statements to focus on the major funds.

These and other changes are reflected in the accompanying financial statements (including notes to financial statements).

## 1. Proprietary Funds

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector, namely the accrual method of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when earned and measurable and expenses are recognized when the related liabilities are incurred.

Enterprise funds are required to be used to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity (a) is financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of the net revenues, (b) has third party requirements that the cost of providing services, including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges or c) established fees and charges based on a pricing policy designed to recover similar costs.

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### B. Basis of Accounting (continued)

The Authority provides the following services which are accounted for in separate funds:

Transportation Services:

Redwood Transit System Eureka Transit Service Willow Creek Intercity Southern Humboldt Old Arcata Road-Pilot program (Discontinued in 2021)

Maintenance and Administrative Services:

CTSA Administration of Dial a Ride

AMRTS Maintenance

CAE Transport Inc. Maintenance for Dial a Ride Humboldt County Office of Education Maintenance

### C. <u>Description of Services</u>

The Authority began operations of the Redwood Transit System in August of 1976. As of June 30, 2016, the Authority operated 5 systems, which cover the corridor between the cities of Trinidad to the North and Benbow to the South, and Willow Creek to the East. Redwood Transit System fares range from \$2.75 for senior citizens and the handicapped to \$3.00 for a basic fare. During 2019, a pilot program for Old Arcata Road was implemented. As of July 1, 2021, this program was discontinued.

Effective July 1, 2016, HCAOG designated HTA as the Consolidated Transportation Services Agency (CTSA) for Humboldt County, with responsibility for administering a consolidated region-wide program to provide transportation for qualified elderly and disabled persons in the Cities of Arcata and Eureka and unmandated areas in the County. HTA has entered into a contract with CAE Transport, Inc. to provide Dial-A-Ride services effective July 1, 2017 totaling \$790,440. During 2021 some of the funding was reduced for TDA and STA. The funding for the CTSA Administration is \$121,937 provided by STA funds.

	<u>D</u> i	al a Ride	
Arcata	\$	79,281	
Eureka		425,218	
City of Eureka		-	STA funds reduced
HCAOG DAR		107,737	STA funds
Humboldt Co.		145,204	
	\$	757,440	
			6

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### C. <u>Description of Services (continued)</u>

On April 17, 2018 Eureka City Council adopted a resolution, effective July 1, 2019, to transfer and relinquish to HTA all management functions and assets of Eureka Transit. The Eureka City Council additionally authorized HTA to annually file a claim with HCAOG for all local, state and federal transit funds and to directly receive all local, state and federal annual appropriation allocated for ETS. In 2017-2018, City of Eureka transferred 3 DAR vehicles to HTA and 2018-2019 transferred 7 buses. The buses were transferred at fair market value and recognized as Donations.

In December 2001, HTA contracted with the AMRT&S (Arcata) system to provide bus maintenance, fueling and parking at the HTA facility. HTA is also contracted with CAE Transport, Inc. to provide regular preventive maintenance and repairs for 7 Dial-a-Ride vehicles.

### D. Property, Plant, and Equipment

The following is a summary of property, plant, and equipment, at cost, less accumulated depreciation:

	// <i>} &gt;&gt;</i> *		
	W	2021	 2020
Buses	-5 <sup>™</sup> \$	11,577,788	\$ 12,782,740
Other Transportation Equipment		1,712,999	1,769,175
Office Equipment		129,423	205,398
Other Equipment		1,716,895	1,085,409
Real Property - Land		2,164,831	2,164,831
Buildings & Improvements		3,469,052	3,914,656
Subtotal	\$	20,770,988	\$ 21,922,209
Less Accumulated Depreciation	<del></del>	(12,179,199)	 (12,024,395)
Total Property, Plant & Equipment	\$	8,591,789	\$ 9,897,814
Property, Plant & Equipment, Beginning	\$	21,922,209	\$ 21,686,531
Capital Acquisitions		248,246	1,336,833
Sales/Dispositions		(1,399,467)	(1,101,155)
Property, Plant, & Equipment, Ending	\$	20,770,988	\$ 21,922,209

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### D. Property, Plant, and Equipment (continued)

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method with useful lives as follows:

Buses	3 - 10 years
Other transportation equipment	3 - 15 years
Office equipment	3 - 15 years
Other equipment	3 - 15 years
Buildings	39 years

Construction in Progress at June 30, 2021, and 2020 amounted to \$1,101,653 and \$1,008,735, respectively. HTA has entered into a design/build agreement with McKeever Energy & Electric to design the Solar PV system funded by a grant provided by California Office of Emergency Services (Cal OES).

### E. Compensated Absences

HTA has accrued a liability for vacation pay earned as of June 30, 2021, and 2020, in the amount of \$237,114 and \$243,906 respectively.

No liability is recorded for accumulated sick pay, which at June 30, 2021, and 2020, was \$15,481 and \$24,311, respectively.

#### F. Employee Retirement Plan

### Plan Description

HTA contributes to the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), an agent multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan. CalPERS provide retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. CalPERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the state of California. A menu of benefit provisions as well as other requirements is established by State statute within the Public Employees' Retirement Law. HTA selects optional benefits provisions from the benefit menu by contract with CalPERS and adopts those benefits through resolutions of its Board of Directors. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office - 400 P Street - Sacramento, CA 95814. A full description of the pension plan benefit provisions, assumptions for funding purposes, and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2020, Annual Actuarial Valuation Report, the most recent available report. This report is publicly available at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### F. Employee Retirement Plan (Continued)

### **Funding Policy**

Participants are required to contribute approximately 7% of their annual covered salary, which HTA pays on their behalf. HTA is required to contribute the actuarially determined remaining amounts necessary to fund the benefits for its members. The actuarial methods and assumptions used are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by State statute and the employer contribution rate if established and may be amended by CalPERS. The Plan's share of the risk pool's unfunded liability (Market Value) as of the measurement date June 30, 2020, totals \$2,496,596. See Note 1 (R) for GASB 68 recognition of pension liability and Note 5.

On January 1, 2013, the Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA) took effect. The result will be a shift of new members away from existing pools. The impact of most of the PEPRA changes will affect the contribution rates set for the 2015-2016 fiscal year. The act requires new employees pay at least 50% of the total annual normal cost.

### **Annual Pension Cost**

For fiscal year 2020-2021, HTA's annual pension cost of \$383,573 for CalPERS was equal to HTA's actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2013 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.15% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), (b) projected annual salary increases that vary by duration of service ranging from 3.30% to 14.20%. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 2.75% and an annual payroll growth of 3.00%. The actuarial value of CalPERS assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a 15-year period (smoothed market value).

Beginning June 30, 2013 CalPERS has adopted a new actuarial methodology that will set the 2015-2016 rates. CalPERS will use an amortization and smoothing policy that will pay for all gains and losses over a fixed 30 year period with the increases or decreases in the rate spread directly over a 5-year period. In addition, effective January 2013, HTA will contribute the full employer share towards the CalPERS retirement formula for bargaining unit employees, and each employee shall contribute the full employee share toward the CalPERS retirement formula through an automatic payroll deduction.

Contributions for the unfunded accrued liability for fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 totaled \$155,818 and \$161,107 respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### G. Allocations

During the year, the following Transportation Development Act (TDA), Article 4 funds were allocated to HTA:

	Operating Funds	Capital Funds
Redwood Transit System	\$ 1,649,030	
Eureka Transit	323,829	
Willow Creek	278,152	-
Southern Humboldt - Intercity	<i>&gt;&gt;</i> 573,614	
Old Arcata Road	10,000	
Total TDA Funds	\$2,834,625	\$ -

### H. Restricted Net Position

Amounts restricted by the Board of Directors for the purposes of future capital purchases, retiree health insurance, and insurance deductible reserve are presented on the balance sheet as restricted net position totaling \$1,042,347 and \$920,253 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021, and 2020. This was increased by the 2018 and 2020 TDA excess received in those years.

Restricted net position indicates the portion of net position not appropriable for expenditures or amounts legally segregated for a specific future use. These amounts are not available for appropriation and expenditure at the balance sheet date.

#### I. Deferred Revenue

Funds received under the Low Carbon Transit Operations Program (LCTOP) were deferred at June 30, 2021, and 2020 for \$560,656 and \$292,640, respectively. They are deferred for future Willow Creek bus stop enhancements, expanded transit services, and free or reduced fare vouchers.

Murray Method funds have been deferred for bus acquisitions. At June 30, 2021, and 2020 funds available totaled \$208,666 and \$8,666, respectively.

STA funds were deferred for future ETS bus purchase totaling \$120,000 and \$40,303 for shop tools and equipment.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### I. Cash and Cash Equivalents

All highly liquid investments with a maturity date of three months or less when purchased are considered to be "cash equivalents." Cash on deposit with U.S. Bank is insured by the FDIC up to \$250,000.

At June 30, 2021, the Authority's cash balances included the following:

Petty cash	\$	100
Undeposited funds		9,117
Cash on deposit with County Treasury		3,772
U.S. Bank	2,1	36,585
	<u>\$ 2,1</u>	49,574

### Fair Value Measurement

HTA categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under generally accepted accounting principles are as follows:

Level 1 – inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – inputs include: a) Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; b) Quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in inactive markets; c) Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; d) Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 3 - Inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

As of June 30, 2021, HTA held no individual investments. HTA's fair value measurements were as follows at June 30, 2021:

Investment Type	Fair Value	<u>Level</u>
Pooled Cash in County Treasury	<u>\$3,772</u>	2

HTA has not recorded fair value adjustments in the basic financial statements as they were determined to be immaterial to HTA. During 2021, HTA chose to transfer County funds to U.S. Bank to be able to access funds more readily.

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### J. Cash and Cash Equivalents

#### Credit Risk - Investments

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

### Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, HTA will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that in the event of a failure of the counter party (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, HTA will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. In 2021, HTA changed from the County pooled funds to another bank. Financial instruments that potentially subject HTA to concentration of credit risk consist principally of cash deposits. Accounts at the bank are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000. As of, June 30, 2021, HTA's deposits were exposed to credit risk for \$1,386,585.

#### Interest Rate Risk - Investments

Interest rate risk is the measurement of how changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the more sensitive to changes in market interest rates of its fair value. One of the ways the County of Humboldt Treasurer manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of short-term and long-term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities, so a portion of its portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity to ensure the cash flow and liquidity of operations. Since reducing the balances in the County funds, this will no longer be an issue.

June 30, 2021

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### K. Grant Accounting

Grants, entitlements or shared revenues are recorded as non-operating revenues when they are earned and are measurable.

### L. Policy for Defining Operating and Non-operating Revenues

Operating revenues consist of passenger fees for services and operating expenses consist of expenses related to providing such services. Non-operating revenues consist of other revenues and expenses such as interest, grants, and government support.

M. Policy for Applying Restricted/Unrestricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, unrestricted resources are applied first.

### N. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### O. Accounts Receivable

The direct write-off method is used for recording bad debts relating to accounts receivable. Management believes the use of this method, which is not in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, does not result in amounts that would be materially different if the allowance method was used.

### P. Contingent Liabilities

The Authority participates in federal and state grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The audits of these programs have not been completed and the results analyzed by the grantor agencies. Accordingly, the District's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time.

June 30, 2021

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### Q. Other Post-Employment Benefits

### Plan Description

In addition to the pension benefits described in F. above, HTA provides post-retirement health care benefits, in accordance with State statutes, to all retired employees with at least 5 years of service. For represented employees hired after December 19, 2012 at least 15 years of service are required. The Authority's contribution percent ranges for eligible employees depend on factors such as date of hire and years of service and range from 50% to 100%.

The Authority has established the Humboldt Transit Authority Retiree Healthcare Plan (HC Plan), a single employer plan. The HC Plan has not established or accumulated any assets in a trust. A separate financial report is not prepared for the HC Plan.

### Funding Policy.

The HC Plan and its contribution requirements are established by agreements with the applicable employee bargaining units and may be amended by agreements between the Authority and the bargaining units. The annual contribution is based on the current insurance premiums due for the participating retirees. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Authority contributed \$142,503 and \$136,778, which covered current premiums, but did not include any additional prefunding of benefits. Currently, 21 retirees are receiving benefits. There are 53 active employees. No trust has been created for the purpose of prefunding obligation for past services.

### Annual OPEB and Net OPEB Obligation

The Authority had Total Compensation Systems Inc. prepare an actuarial study of retiree health liabilities under GASB 74/75 for valuation date June 30, 2020. Total OPEB liability was estimated at \$7,609,929.

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.16%, based on an index of 20-year General Obligation municipal bonds. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that Authority contributions would be sufficient to fully fund the obligation over a period not to exceed 30 years.

June 30, 2021

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### Q. Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

### **Change in OPEB Liability**

· ,		se (Decrease) OPEB Liability
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$	7,089,861
Changes recognized for the measurement peri	iod	
Service cost		443,850
Interest		159,347
Changes in assumptions		54,344
Contributions - employer		-
Investment Gains		-
Benefits paid	A. C.	(137,474)
Administrative expense 🦚 🧷	•	-
Net Changes	<del></del>	520,067
Balance at June 30, 2021		
(Valuation Date June 30, 2020)	\$	7,609,928
// )) \\		

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, ant the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-age actuarial cost method
Discount Rate	2.16%
Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases	2.75% per annum
Investment Rate of Return	2.16%
Mortality Rate (1)	Derived using 2017 CalPERS Active Mortality
	for Miscellaneous Employees study.
Pre-Retirement Turnover (2)	Derived using 2017 CalPERS Termination
	Rates for School Employees study.
Healthcare Trend Rate	4.00%

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### Q. Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

### Sensitivity to Discount Rate

			(	Current		
	1%	Decrease	Dis	count Rate	19	% Increase
		(1.16%)	(	2.16%)		(3.16%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$	9,114,536	\$	7,609,929	\$	6,437,403

### Sensitivity to Health Care Trend Rate

		Current Healthcare	
	1% Decrease	Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase
Net OPEB Liability	(3.0%)	(4.0%)	(5.0%)
	\$ 6,216,923	\$ <i>《</i>	\$ 9,452,878

Recognition of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources (OPEB)

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. Amounts are first recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The recognition period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss.

To qualify for deferral, gains and losses must be based on GASB74/75 compliant valuations. It was determined that the time and expense necessary to rerun prior valuation and to restate prior financial statements was not justified. Since the Authority's prior valuation was performed in accordance with GASB 43/45, it is not possible to calculate compliant gains and losses.

### OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the Authority recognized OPEB expense of \$633,812. As of fiscal year, ended June 30, 3021, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources.

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Changes of assumptions Differences between expected and	\$	1,308,133		-	
actual experience	16		\$	(1,148,912)	

June 30, 2021

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### Q. Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as OPEB expense as follows:

	Deferred		
	Outf	lows/	
Fiscal Year	(Inflo	ws) of	
Ending June 30	Reso	urces	
	• "		
2021	\$	30,615	
2022	17	30,615	
2023		30,615	
2024	P	30,615	
2025	Ñ	30,615	
Thereafter		6,146	
Totals \	\$	159,221	

### R. New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement no. 72 - In February 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. This standard addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2015. HTA has implemented GASB Statement No. 72 for the year ended June 30, 2016. Implementation of GASB No. 72 did not have a significant impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement no. 73 - In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. This standard establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of GASB Statement 68 and amends certain provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. The Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2016. HTA has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 74 – In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pension Plans, effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2016.

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

June 30, 2021

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### R. New Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 75 - In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This standard's primary objective is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions. The Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017.

GASB Statement No. 76 - In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments, for periods beginning after June 15, 2015. The objective is to identify the GAAP hierarchy used to prepare financial statements of state and local governmental entities.

GASB Statement No. 78 - In December 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 78, Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans, effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. This Statement amends the scope and applicability of Statement 68 to exclude pensions provided to employees of state or local governmental employers through cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans.

GASB Statement No. 79 - In December 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants, effective for periods after December 15, 2015.

In June 2012, GASB issued Statement 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Statement 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans. In December 2015, GASB issued Statement 78, Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans. Under these new regulations employers are required to record the net pension liability, pension expense, and deferred outflows/deferred inflows of resources related to pensions in their financial statements as part of their financial position.

In June 2011, the GASB issued Statement 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, which changed the structure of a government balance sheet.

 $\underline{\text{Deferred Outflow}}$  - represents the consumption of a government's net assets that is applicable to a future period.

<u>Deferred Inflow</u> – represents the acquisition of net assets that is applicable to a future reporting period.

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 2. CONFORMITY WITH TDA REGULATIONS

### **Excess Operating Funds Received:**

The following systems did not meet the compliance requirements of Section 6634 of the California Administrative Code dealing with TDA fund eligibility. Fund eligibility is determined by subtracting actual fare revenues, depreciation, and any federal or state operating funds received for operating expenses. This amount represents the maximum allowable TDA funding for operating expenses from the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

		RTS		SoHum	Wil	low Creek
Operating Costs	\$	4,709,188	\$	799,578	\$	332,548
Less Depreciation		(1,210,330)		(117,115)		(35,067)
Less Fare Revenues		(632,808)		(44,952)		(18,055)
Less Federal Operating Funds		(2,227,343)	1	(412,800)		(112,800)
Maximum TDA Fund Eligibilty		£638,707	- Q	224,711		166,626
STAF Operating Funds Received TDA Funds Received	A	126,359		-		_
TDA runds Received	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1,649,030		573,614		323,829
Excess TDA Funds Received	)) (s	1,136,682	\$	573,614 348,903	<b>c</b> r	323,829
		1,130,002	Ψ	340,303	Φ	157,203

### Compliance with TDA Fund Eligibility:

HTA has several options to remedy this situation:

- a. Claims by member entities for operating costs for the following fiscal year may be reduced by the current year excess TDA funds.
- b. Members may file amended claims for the current fiscal year applying the excess fund to capital expenditures made during the current year.
- c. Members may repay the excess TDA funds to the Transportation Planning Agency (HCAOG) on demand.

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 3. FARE BOX RECOVERY RATIOS

Under Sections 6633.2 and 6633.5 of the Transportation Development Act regulations, the fixed route and demand response services must maintain specific fare box recovery ratios. Assembly Bill 90, approved by Governor Newsom June 29, 2020, provided a waiver for the imposition of penalties for not maintaining the required ratio of fare revenue to operating costs during 2019-2020 and 2020-2021 fiscal years. Below find the farebox recovery ratios for Redwood Transit, Eureka Transit, Willow Creek and Southern Humboldt routes.

	2021	2020
RTS Fare Revenue	632,582	937,980
RTS Operating Costs	4,551,808	4,529,579
Depreciation	(1,052,950)	(1,209,893)
Excess Insurance Claims (Sect 99268.17)*		(Princial) - este management and an arrangement and arrangement of the second arrangement of the second and arrangement of the second arrangement of t
Less charter costs **		CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE OF THE
Adjusted Operating Costs	3,498,858	3,319,686
Farebox recovery ratio	18.08%	28.26%
Required farebox recovery ratio	10.00%	10.00%
Requirement met	yes	yes
		4 1 10
	2021	2020
Eureka relinguished the Transit to HTA eff 7/1/18		
Eureka Transit Fare Revenue	145,912	231,671
ETS operating costs	1,686,170	1,536,217
Depreciation	(268,062)	(120,183)
Adjusted Operating Costs	1,418,108	1,416,034
Farebox recovery ratio	10.29%	16.36%
Required farebox recovery ratio	10%	10%
Requirement met	yes	yes

June 30, 2020

### NOTE 3. FARE BOX RECOVERY RATIOS (Continued)

	2021	2020
Willow Creek fare revenue	18,055	42,091
Willow Creek operating costs	351,610	363,026
Depreciation	(54,130)	(42,814)
Adjusted Operating Costs	297,480	320,212
Farebox recovery ratio	6.07%	13.14%
Required farebox recovery ratio	10%	10%
Requirement met	no	yes
	2021	2020
SOHUM INTERCITY fare revenue	44,952	93,497
SOHUM INTER	831,615	987,668
Depreciation	(149,151)	(123,283)
Adjusted Operating Costs	682,464	864,385
Farebox recovery ratio	6.59%	10.82%
Required farebox recovery ratio	10%	10%
77		

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 4. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Authority insures against such losses with an insurance policy issued through the California Transit Insurance Pool (CalTip), a joint powers insurance authority. The coverage includes general, automobile, and public officials' errors & omissions liability, as well as vehicle physical damage insurance to a total of \$40 million, with a deductible of \$50,000 per occurrence which HTA has restricted in fund equity as insurance deductible reserves for the equivalent of two claims. HTA is not currently involved in any litigation matters.

### NOTE 5. PENSION PLAN

**Plan Description -** All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (the Plan), administered by the California Public Employees" Retirement System (CalRERS). The Plan's benefit provisions are established by State statute. The Plan is included as a pension trust fund in the CalPERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which is available online at <a href="https://www.calpers.ca.gov">www.calpers.ca.gov</a>.

The Plan consists of a miscellaneous pool and a safety pool (referred to as "risk pools"), which are comprised of individual employer miscellaneous and safety rate plans, respectively, including those of the Humboldt Transit Authority. The Humboldt Transit Authority's employer rate plans in the miscellaneous risk pool include the Miscellaneous Plan and the PEPRA Miscellaneous Plan. The Humboldt Transit Authority does not have any rate plans in the safety risk pool.

Benefits Provided – The Plan provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members hired prior to January 1, 2013 with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013 with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after five years of service. The death benefit is the Basic Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 5. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

The Plan's provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2021 are summarized as follows:

Employer Rate Plan	Miscellaneous	PEPRA Misc
Hire Date	Prior to Jan 1,  2013	On or after Jan 1, 2013
Benefit Formula	2% at 55	2% at 62
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit Payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement Age	50	52
Monthly benefits as a % of eligible compensation	1.426% to 2.418%	1.0% to 2.5%
Required Employee Contribution Rates	6.908%	6.750%
Required Employer Contribution Rates	10.484%	7.732%

Contributions – Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The contribution rates are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. HTA is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The Humboldt Transit Authority's contributions to the risk pools in the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2021, were as follows:

	Coi	ntributions
Miscellaneous Risk Pool	\$	383,573
Safety Risk Pool		-
Total Contributions	\$	383,573

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 5. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2021, HTA reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability in the amount of \$2,496,596.

The Humboldt Transit Authority's net pension liability for each risk pool is measured as the proportionate share of each risk pool's net pension liability. GASB 68 indicates that to the extent different contribution rates are assessed based on separate relationships that constitute the collective net pension liability, the determination of the employer's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability should be made in a manner that reflects those relationships. The allocation method used by CalPERS to determine each employer's proportionate share reflects those relationships through the employer rate plans they sponsor within the respective risk pools. An actuarial measurement of the employer's rate plan liability and asset-related information are used where available, and proportional allocations of individual employer rate plan amounts as of the valuation date are used where not available.

The Humboldt Transit Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2019, the valuation date, was calculated as follows:

In determining an employer's proportionate share, the employer rate plans included in the Plan were assigned to either the Miscellaneous or Safety risk pool. Estimates of the total pension liability and the fiduciary net position were first determined for the individual rate plans and each risk pool as of the valuation date, June 30, 2019. Each employer rate plan's fiduciary net position was subtracted from its total pension liability to obtain its net pension liability as of the valuation date was calculated by dividing the Humboldt Transit Authority's net pension liability for each of its employer rate plans within each risk pool by the net pension liability of the respective risk pool as of the valuation date.

HTA's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2020, the measurement date, was calculated as follows:

Each risk pool's total pension liability was computed at the measurement date, June 30, 2020, by applying standard actuarial roll-forward methods to the total pension liability amounts as of the valuation date. The fiduciary net position for each risk pool at the measurement date was determined by CalPERS' Financial Office. The net pension liability for each risk pool at June 30, 2020, was computed by subtracting the respective risk pool's fiduciary net position from its total pension liability.

### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 5. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The individual employer risk pool's proportionate share percentage of the total pension liability and fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2019, was calculated by applying HTA's proportionate share percentage as of the valuation date to the respective risk pool's total pension liability and fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2019, to obtain the total pension liability and fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2019. The fiduciary net position was then subtracted from total pension liability to obtain the net pension liability as of the measurement date.

The Humboldt Transit Authority's proportionate share percentage of the net pension liability for each risk pool as of June 30, 2019, and June 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Miscellaneou s Risk Pool
Proportion at measurement date - June 30, 2019	0.056900%
Proportion at measurement date - June 30, 2020	0.059188%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.002288%

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Humboldt Transit Authority recognized pension expense of \$598,332. At June 30, 2021, the Humboldt Transit Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 125,284	\$ -
Change in assumptions Net Difference between Projected and Actual	-	(17,031)
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	78,202	_
Adjustments due to Differences in Proportions Differences between the employer's contributions	112,093	-
and the employer's proportionate share of Differences between Actual and Required Contributions	-	(73,582)
Contributions after Measurement Date	383,573	-
Total	\$ 699,152	\$ (90,613)

### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 5. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Amounts other than contributions subsequent to the measurement date reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows	
Measurement		
Date June 30:	) of Resources	
2021	\$ 52,052	
2022	81,546	
2023	55,230	
2024	36,138	
2025	~	
Total	\$ // 224,966	

Actuarial Assumptions – For the measurement period ended June 30, 2019 (the measurement date), the total pension liability for the Plan was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	Miscellaneous
Valuation Date	June 30, 2019
Measurement Date	June 30, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-age normal cost method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.50%
Payroll Growth	2.75%
Projected Salary Increase	Varies by entry age and service
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%
Mortality	Derived using CalPERS's

Depending on age, service, and type of employment

Net of Pension Plan Investment and Administrative Expenses; includes Inflation

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table, please refer to the April 2014 experience study report (basd on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2011 available online at https://www.calpers.ca.gov/docs/forms-publications/calpers-experience-study-2014.

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 5. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

**Discount Rate** — The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 7.15 percent. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.15 percent discount rate is adequate, and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report, *GASB Statements 67 and 68 Crossover Testing Report for Measurement Date June 30, 2020 based on June 30, 2019 Valuations*, which can be obtained from the CalPERS website.

According to Paragraph 30 of Statement 68, the long-term discount rate should be determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The 7.00% investment return assumption used in this accounting valuation is net of administrative expenses. Administrative expenses are assumed to be 15 basis points. An investment return excluding administrative expenses would have been 7.15%. Using this rate has resulted in a slightly higher total pension liability and net pension liability. CalPERS checked the materiality threshold for the difference in calculation and did not find it to be a material difference.

In December 2016 and April 2017 meetings, the Board voted to lower the funding discount rates used for PERF. In making its decision, the Board reviewed recommendations from CalPERS team members, external pension and investment consultants, and input from employer and employee stakeholder groups. A lowered funding discount rate for PERF will be phased in over a three-year period beginning July 1, 2018 for public agencies and school districts.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 11 years) and the long-term (60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 5. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10 (a)	Real Return Years 11+ (b)
Global Equity	50%	4.80%	5.98%
Global Fixed Income	28%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Sensitive	0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Estate	13%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1%	0.00%	(0.92)
	100%		

<sup>(</sup>a) - An expected inflation of 2.0% used for this period

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate—
The following presents HTA's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan as well as what HTA's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Discount Rate less 1% 6.15%	Current Discount 7.15%	Discount Rate plus 1' 8.15%
Net pension liability	\$4,005,291	\$2,496,596	\$1,250,009

#### NOTE 6. RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain amounts have been reclassified in the prior year financial statements to conform to the current year presentation.

#### NOTE 7. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

During the audit, it was determined that several outstanding invoices in Accounts Receivable were duplicated entries from 2018 and 2019. The amount adjusted was \$112,480.

<sup>(</sup>b) - An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period

### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 8. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated all known events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through May 30, 2022, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Humboldt Transit's operations was affected by the recent and ongoing outbreak of the Covid-19 disease which was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization in March 2020. The extent to which the virus impacts HTA's operations will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain, including the duration and severity of the outbreak. In particular, the funding source for public transportation is derived from general sales tax collected statewide, which is anticipated to be severely impacted during this pandemic. While management expects this matter to negatively impact its results of operations, cash flows and financial position, the related impact cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

In 2021, Humboldt Transit received federal funds under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act or CARES Act totaling \$1,485,945 to cover Covid safety equipment purchases, lost revenue, and Covid payroll expenses from March 2020 to June 2022. Covid purchases expended as of June 30, 2021 totaled \$447,560, including fost fare revenue of \$278,745, and personnel expenses totaling \$534,615. In 2022, an additional CARES ACT grant for \$459,051 was awarded.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



HUMBOLDT TRANSIT AUTHORITY Combhing Schedule of Net Position June 30, 2021

ASSETS

	RTS	AMRTS MAINT.	WILLOW	SE	SAMOA	ayu	ALLEGO		
Current Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents On Und Indian	١.		i		TANKS OF THE PARTY		MOROS	ARCATA RD	TOTAL
Off Hand and in Deposit Accounts Restricted Cash Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ (1,122,390) 1,918,003	\$ (74,853)	\$ 556,995	\$ (511,606)	(32,672)	364,8	\$ 1,407,601		\$ 231,571
	CIO'CA	(50,41)	CRASSCC	(909,115)	(32,672)	8,496	1,407,601	,	2,149,574
Accounts Receivable Grant Receivables	259,200 1,532,335	35,886	40,878	325,992		10,817	299		306,202
SGR Grant Receivable STAF Grant Receivable	128,393	•	, ,	11,694		000'09	onotons		2,199,205
Employee Advances	3		000'/9	120,000			1 1		373.341
Materials and Supplies Inventory (at cost) Prepaid Expenses		. 1		•	•	r	1 1		282,036
Total Corrent Assets	3,203,079	(38,967)	664,873	(53,920)	(32,672)	79,313	1,707,900		5,529,606
Work in Progress	1,101,652		t		1	,	ı		1.101.652
Property, Plant and Equipment, Net	5.911.885		218,147	1,643,720	185'99	28,095	723,361		8,591,789
Deferred Outflows of Resources- <u>Pension</u> <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB</u>	699,152		42.00						699,152
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,007,285	15	W W						1,308,133
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 12,223,901	s (38,967)	S / 883,020	S 1,589,800	\$ 33,909	S 107,408	\$ 2,431,261		625 084 11 3
			LIABILITIE	AND NE					700000000000000000000000000000000000000
	•	AMRTS	WILLOW	Carlot Carlot			SOHUM.		
Current Liabilities	KTS	MAINT	CREEK	Ers	SAMOA	DAR		ARCATA RD	TOTAL
Trade Payable Insurance Payable	\$ 13,688 34,151	\$ 2,201	\$ 67,140 3,966	125 S	\$ 3,802	\$ 65,870	. 7,830	۰. ۱	\$ 156,622
DAK Mability Deferred Income	120,059	1 1	, ,		· ·			i.	120.059
Deferred Fare Revenue Accused Payroll Liabilities				<i>↑</i>	P			( (	289,606
Total Current Liabilities	1,771,494	2,201	71,106	961'01	73.802	71,985	7,830		1,938,614
Long-Term Liabilities Lease Deposit	•	•	,	•					
Pension Liability Not OPER Obligation	2,246,936	•	24,966	174,762	\ \ \		49,932	1	2,496,596
Total Logs-Term Liabilities	6.535,283	1 1	298,315	2,098,209		1 1	950,023		7,609,928
TOTAL LIABILITIES	8,306,777	2,201	369,421	2,283,167	3,802	71,985	1,007,785	-	12,045,138
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pension Deferred Inflows of Resources - OPER	90,613 1.148,912	T 1	. ,	1	• •				90.613
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1.239,525	•		.	,	2		,	1,239,525
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debi	7,013,537	4	218,147	1.643,720	66,581	28,095	723,361	,	9,693,441
Restricted Net Position Insurance Deductible Reserve	100,000	1	ı	•	•	•		ι	000'001
Equipment Acquisition Retree's Heath Insurance Total Restricted Net Position	1.042,347 15,000 1.157,347				1 1	• • •			1,042,347
Unrestricted Net Position		(41,168)	295,452	(2,337,087)	(89.620)	7,328	700,115	53.146	(6,905,119)
Transfer Equity Total Net Position	2,677,599	(41,168)	513,599	- (693,367)	53,146 30,107	35,423	1.423,476	(33,146)	3.945.669
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ 12,223,901	\$ (38,967)	S 883,020	S 1,589,800	\$ 33,909	\$ 107,408	\$ 2,431,261	S	S 17,230,332

HUMBOLDT TRANSIT AUTHORITY Combining Schedule of Revenues. Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

TOTAL	\$ 648,086 1,009,031 (400) 40,880	5,331,655 100,101 813,673 762,650 442,477 366,667	7,221 42,417 1,545,637 9,424,781	(7,727,184) 51,000 145,918	2,834,625 3,078,934 200,087 356,033 5,772 (136,784) (136,784)	(1,196,726)	43,830 86,200 26,879 156,909	\$ (1,039,817)	\$ 4,985,486	\$ 3,945,669
ARCATA RD	58 1 1 28	4	21.	(966)	10,000	9,610		\$ 9,610	\$ 43,536 (53,146)	
SORUM- InterCity	\$ 44,952	232,104 - 777,110 50,374 50,648 118,363 2,033	151,794 38 149,151 831,615	(786,663)	573,614 412,800 15,262 - - (4,182)	210,831		\$ 210,831	\$ 1,212,645	\$ 1,423,476
Combined DAR	\$ 680,185 - - - - -	47,313 790,440 20,617 43,173 71,934 2,033	826 20,785 997,121	(316,933)	36,398 229,674 229,674 2 (19,490) 246,584	(70,349)		\$ (70,349)	\$ 105,772	\$ 35,423
SAMOA	\$ 335	22,815		(23,039)		(23,039)	1.1.1.4	\$ (23,039)	53,146	\$ 30,107
ETS	\$ 138,203 7,709 -	699,240 - 104,290 42,444 59,316 221,693	284,309 369 214 268,062 1,681,970	(4,536,058)	333382 852.886 11,694 - (4,200) (15,981)	(367,830)		\$ (367,830)	\$ (325,537)	\$ (693,367)
WILLOW CREEK	\$ 16,753	85,800 - 41,702 27,679 37,682 45,190	33,613	(333,558)	278,152 112,800 12,260 12,260 1,045)	68,609	67,000 26,879 93,879	\$ 162,488	\$ 351,111	S 513,599
AMRTS MAINT.	\$ 135,000 (400) 40,719 175,319	81,451 81,451 38,832 2,033	- Marie 1988	(4,570)		(4,570)		\$ (4,570)	\$ (36,598)	\$ (41,168)
HTA/ RTS	\$ 447,812 184,835 - 161 632,808	4,209,995 100,101 - 437,480 278,807 108,835 (385,246) 2,118	6,852 40,925 1,052,950 5,358,781	(4,725,973) 51,000 145,918	1,649,030 1,700,448 124,473 126,359 5,772 (929) (92,086) 3,705,985	(1,019,988)	43,830 19,200 63,030	\$ (956,958)	\$ 3,634,557	\$ 2,677,599
OPERATING REVENUES	Fares Contract Revenue Contract Maintenance Other Operating Revenue  Total Operating Revenues	OPERATING EXPENSES Labor and Benefits Professional Services Specialized Services Repairs, Supplies, & Maintenance Casualty and Liability Insurance Facility Expenses Allocated Maintenance Leases and Rentalis Allocated a durinitation	Advertising Other Depreciation Total Operating Expenses	OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) NONOPERATING REVENUES Advertising Rents & Leases Operating Grants	TDA Assessments Federal - FTA State Operating - SGR State Operating - SGR State Doperating - STAF Interest Income Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets Grant Expenses Total Nonoperating Revenues	CHANGE IN NET POSITION BEFORE CAPITAL GRANIS	CAPITAL GRANTS Capital Grants: Federal - FTA Adaptation Grant State - SGR State - STAF Other / County Total Capital Grants	CHANGE IN NET POSITION	NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR TRANSFER NET ASSETS PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT	NET POSITION, END OF YEAR

HUMBOLDT TRANSIT AUTHORITY
Combining Schedule of Net Position
June 30, 2020

ASSETS

TOTAL	\$ \$10,025 1,213,842	256,146 215,38 256,146 31,38 3 4945 801	1 101 653	8,591,789	701 704	\$ 15,844,038		TOTAL	\$ 97,032 70,588	87,768 301,306 264,591 424,911 1,246,196	3,000 2,278,561 7,089,861 9,371,472	10.617.618	1,454,042	9,693,441	100,000 1,042,347 15,000 15,100	(6,841,316)	2,907,820	\$ 14,979,480
ARCATA RD	\$ 33,536	10,000				\$ 43,536		ARCATA RD	· ·			1	•	ŧ		43,536	43,536	\$ 43,536
SOHUM	\$ 1,180,409	300,000		611.913		\$ 2,092,322		SOHUM.	\$ 7,186 13,102	20,288	73,256 903,248 976,504	262'966		611,913		483,617	1.095,530	\$ 2,092,322
DAR	\$ 13,872	9,040	•	28,095		\$ 90,997		DAR	\$ 6,010	010'9	, , ,	6,010	-	28,095	1 1 1	56,892	84,987	2 90,997
TATI	'					s	XI.	TMI	Ten		· · ·	'	•	']	1 4 3 4		. ,	s
ETS	\$ (332,773)	100,000 6,706 299,694	'	1,275,940		\$ 1,349,567	LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	ETS	65 /6,288 8,022	14,310	176,816 1,650,520 1,827,336	1.841,646	1	1,275,940		(1,768,019)	(492.079)	S 1,349,567
WILLOW	\$ 219,398	219,398	-	216,464		\$ 438,862	LIABILITIES	CREEK	\$ 1,797 5,344	7,141	24,267 21,270 45,537	52,678	-	216,464		166,720	383,184	\$ 435,862
AMRTS MAINT.	\$ (37,977)	14,674		The state of the s		\$ (23,303)		MAINT.	S 13,295	13,295		13,295		'		(36,598)	(36.598)	\$ (23,303)
RTS	\$ (266,440) 1,213,842 947,402	182,959 146,075 66,133 469,136 256,146 31,358 2,099,232	1,101,652	6,459,377	2,194,796	\$ 11,855,057		RTS	\$ 68,466 38,110 87.768	301,306 264,591 424,911 1,185,152	3,000 2,004,222 4,514,823 6,522,045	7,707,197	1,454,042	6,459,377	100,000 1,042,347 15,000 1,157,347	(5.787,464)	1,829,260	\$ 10,990,499
Current Assets	Cash and Cash Equivalents On Hand and in Deposit Accounts Restricted Cash Total Cast and Cash Equivalents	Accounts Receivables Grant Receivables SGR Grant Receivable STAF Grant Receivable Employee Advances Materials and Supplies Invantory (at cost) Prepaid Expanses Total Current Assets	Work in Progress	Property, Plant and Equipment, Net	Deferred Outflows of Resources	TOTAL ASSETS		Current Liabilities	Trade Payable Insurance Payable DAR Liability	Deferred Income Deferred Fare Revenue Accused Payroll Liabilities Total Current Liabilities	Long-Term Liebilities Lorse Deposit Persion Liebility Net OPEB Obligation Lors-Term Liebilities	TOTAL LIABILITIES	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Invested in Capital Assets. <u>Net of</u> <u>Related Debt</u>	Restricted Net Position Listrance Deductible Reserve Equipment Acquisition Represe Health Instrument Tartal Restricted Net Position	Unrestricted Net Position	Total Net Position	TOTAL MABILITIES AND NET POSITION

HUMBOLDT TRANSIT AUTHORITY
Combining Schedule of Revenues. Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

TOTAL	\$ 1,137,054	1,891	cococct,2	5,143,289	790,686	876,346 463,285	439,024	13,076	10,803	88,142 1,517,522 9,414,867	(1764367)		48,705	135,228	2,903,657	719,000	970,984	30,137 (65,193)	(94,604)	(2,469,722)		342,844	/1,16/ 53,970	603,884 842,094 1,913,959	\$ (555,763)	\$ 5,653,729	(112,480)	\$ 4,985,486
Arcata Rd	\$ 30	' ' 6	2	1 1	246		,	, ,		246	(216)	Ì	1	•	10,000	. ,	•		10,000	9,784		ı	• •	1 1	\$ 9,784	\$ 33,752	. ,	\$ 43,536
SOHUM. InterCity	\$ 93,497	03.407		348,250	- 276 361	79,379	53,082	2,179	· cottoci	36 123,283 985,900	(892,403)		•	h	556,906	000,000	4,904	(9,194)	852,616	(39,787)		1	' '	1 1 7	\$ (39,787)	\$ 1,070,604	979,101	\$ 1,212,645
Combined DAR	\$ 60,276	1,891		94,596	790,440	35,476	50,773	2,179	•	21,349 1,027,042	(321,762)		1	Ī	,	46,402	296,819	(3,114)	(67,214) 272,893	(48,869)		•	,	I r	\$ (48,869)	\$ 267,121	(112,480)	\$ 105,772
TAT	• , •					1	, ,	, (					1	t		e e		,		1		1		1 1	- 8	\$ 181,828	(970,101)	S.
ETS	\$ 223,702 7,969	231,671	***************************************	597,560	129,982	49,311	62,068 219,171	2,179		120,183	(1,300,462)				203,000	12,699	315,423	1	980,114	(320,348)		196,769	1	844,181	\$ 720,602	\$ (1,046,139)	1	\$ (325,537)
WILLOW CREEK	\$ 40,547 1,543	42,090	60	, , , , ,	53,422	32,714	44,658	2,179	·	42,814 362,458	(320,368)				272,698	•	848	(49,214)	224,332	(96,036)			4		\$ (96,036)	\$ 447,147	-	\$ 351,111
AMRTS MAINT.	\$ 90,000	49,328 139,328	66.003	•	89,022	- 43 607	100,00	2,179	. 144	202,232	(62,904)					1 1	36	•	36	(62,868)			ı	P 1 1	\$ (62,868)	\$ 26,270	-	\$ (36,598)
HTA/ RTS	\$ 719,002 219,165	442 938,609	3 847 196	72,694	446,241	266,405	(380,709)	2,181 (444,497)	10,803	1,209,893	(4,366,247)	į	48,705 135,228		1,614,061 217,000	87,605	352,954 30,157	(3,671)	2,454,649	(1,911,598)		146,075 71.167	53,970	(2,087) (2,087) (2,087)	\$ (1,038,589)	\$ 4,673,146	•	\$ 3,634,557
OPERATING REVENUES	Fares Contract Revenue Contract Meintergenee	Other Operating Revenue <u>Total Operating Revenues</u>	OPERATING EXPENSES Labor and Benefits	Professional Services Specialized Services	Repairs, Supplies, Maintenance	Casualty and Liability Insurance Facility Expenses	Allocated Maintenance	Lears and Actions Allocated Administration	Advensing Other	Depreciation <u>Total Operating Expenses</u>	OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	NONOPERATING REVENUES	Advertising Rents & Leases	Operating Grants	I DA Assessments Federal - FTA	State Operating - SGR	State Operating - 31 Ar. Interest Income	Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets Grant Expenses	Ordin Lopenses Total Nongperating Revenues	CHANGE IN NET POSITION BEFORE CAPITAL GRANTS	CAPITAL GRANTS Capital Grants	Federal - F1A Adaptation Grant	State - SGR	Other / County  Total Capital Grants	CHANGE IN NET POSITION	NET POSITION, BECINNING OF YEAR TRANSFER NET ASSETS	PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT	NET POSITION, END OF YEAR

HUMBOLDT TRANSIT AUTHORITY
SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS \*

# CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

June 30, 2021

	Cg Fisa	CalPERS Fiscal Year 2014-15	Ca Fisc	CalPERS Fiscal Year 2015-16	Ca. Fisc	CalPERS Fiscal Year 2016-17	Fis 2	CalPERS Fiscal Year 2017-18	20 Fis	CalPERS Fiscal Year 2018-2019	CalPERS Fiscal Year 2019-2020	CalPERS Fiscal Year 2020-2021
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	<b>⇔</b>	183,998	<del>69</del>	203,417	€9	243,840	S	267,536	⋻	311,687	\$ 365,024	\$ 383,573
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contribution  Contribution deficiency (excess)	1 [	(183,998)	s s	(203,417)		(243,840)	8-8-	(267,536)	8	(311,687)	(365,024)	(383,572)
Covered payroll	<b>⇔</b>	\$ 1,701,088	S	1,845,624	<del>\$</del>	1,962,831	<del>64</del> 3	2,143,796	€9	2,379,782	\$ 2,246,615	\$ 2,501,758
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		10.82%		NE-02%	With the second	12.42%		12.48%		13.10%	16.25%	15.33%
							1					
Notes to Schedule:  Contribution Valuation Date:	Ũ	6/30/2012	_	6/30/2013	'9	6/30/2014		6/30/2015		6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2018

\* - Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only 7 years are shown.

## SCHEDULE OF HTA'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

June 30, 2021

### LAST TEN YEARS \*

	Measurement Date June 30, 2014	Measurement Date June 30, 2015	Measurement Date June 30, 2016	Measurement Date June 30, 2017	Measurement Date June 30, 2018	Measurement Date June 30, 2019	Measurement Date June 30, 2020
Plan's proportion of the Perf C net Pension	0.021640%	0.019949%	0.020911%	0.021413%	0.021432%	0.022236%	0.022946%
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,346,438	\$ 1,369,306	\$ 1,809,418	\$ 2,123,612	\$ 2,065,232	\$ 2,278,561	\$ 2,496,596
Plan's covered payroll	\$ 1,701,088	1,845,624	\$ 1,962,831	\$ 2,143,796	\$ 2,379,782	\$ 2,213,417	\$ 2,333,508
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll	79.15%	74.19%	100.56%	105.04%	86.78%	102.94%	106.99%
Plan's proportionate share of the fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	81.21%	82.07%	₩.68%	76.64%	78.40%	77.73%	77.98%

## NOTES TO SCHEDULE:

Benefit changes: There were no changes to benefit terms.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in assumptions.

<sup>\* -</sup> Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only7 years are shown.

### HUMBOLDT TRANSIT AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

### **FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS\***

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Measurement Period, June 30	2018	2019	2020	2021
Total OPEB Liability:				
Service cost	\$ 402,191	\$ 413,251	\$ 455,270	\$ 443,850
Interest on the total OPEB liability	211,000	210,871	238,741	159,347
Actual and expected experience difference	-	· -	(1,525,606)	-
Changes in assumptions	-	311,858	1,411,177	54,344
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	_	-
Benefit payments	(149,017)	(154,978)	(166,485)	(137,474)
Net change in OPEB liability	464,174	781,002	413,097	520,067
Total OPEB liability - beginning	5,431,588	5,895,762	6,676,764	7,089,861
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$5,895,762	\$6,676,764	\$ 7,089,861	\$ 7,609,928
			<del></del>	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position:		D		
Contribution - employer	\$ -	<u>/</u> \$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Net investment income	- <i>f</i>	-	-	_
Benefit payments	7/9	-	-	_
Administrative expense		`> -	-	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		-	-	-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	11			_
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	<b>\$</b>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	)) \$ 5,895,762	\$6,676,764	\$ 7,089,861	\$ 7,609,928
Marie Carlotte Control of the Contro	11-23			
Covered payroll	\$2,379,782	\$2,560,973	\$ 2,780,735	\$ 2,825,927
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of				
covered payroll	248%	261%	255%	269%

### **Notes to Schedule**

The District's retiree healthcare plan had no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement no. 75, paragraph 4.

Changes in assumptions - The investment rate of return changed from 2.2% to 2.16%

Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

Anderson, Lucas, Somerville & Borges, LLP 1338 Main Street Fortuna, CA 95540

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Directors Humboldt Transit Authority

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Humboldt Transit Authority's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Humboldt Transit Authority's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. Humboldt Transit Authority's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Humboldt Transit Authority's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Humboldt Transit Authority's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Humboldt Transit Authority's compliance.

### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Humboldt Transit Authority's, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Humboldt Transit Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance, we considered Humboldt Transit Authority's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Humboldt Transit Authority's internal control over compliance.

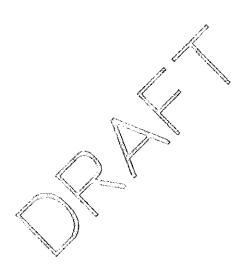
A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

### ANDERSON, LUCAS, SOMERVILLE & BORGES LLP

Fortuna, California May 30, 2022



Anderson, Lucas, Somerville & Borges, LLP 1338 Main Street Fortuna, CA 95540

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Humboldt Transit Authority

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities of Humboldt Transit Authority, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Humboldt Transit Authority's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 30, 2022.

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Humboldt Transit Authority's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Humboldt Transit Authority's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Humboldt Transit Authority's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Humboldt Transit Authority Page 2

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Humboldt Transit Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion of the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Directors others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-though entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Fortuna, California May 30, 2022

### Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

### SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

### Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weaknesses identified?

No

Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be

material weaknesses?

No

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

No

### Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weaknesses identified?

No

Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be

material weaknesses?

No

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance?

No

Major programs are as follows:

20.509 U.S. Department of Transportation

Grants for Other Than Urbanized Areas

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:

\$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Yes

### **SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS**

No matters reported

### SECTION III- FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters reported

### Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title		Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Transportation				
Federal Transit Administration				
Passed Through California Department of Transporta	ation			
Division of Rail and Mass Transportation				
Operating Assistance (5311)	CARES ACT	20.509	64VO20-01032	\$ 695,008
Operating Assistance (5311F)	CARES ACT	20.509	64KO20-01253	225,599
Operating Assistance - (5311-5311F)		20.509	64BO20-01427	814,981
Operating Assistance - (5311F)		/20.509	64CO20-01115	300,000
Operating Assistance	CARES ACT	20.509	64VO20-01319	1,043,346
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$ 3,078,934

The above schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Humboldt
Transit Authority and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is
presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200,
Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance).
Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in,
or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

### MANAGEMENT LETTER



May 30, 2022

Board of Directors Humboldt Transit Authority 133 V Street Eureka, California 95501

### Ladies and Gentlemen,

We have audited the financial statements of Humboldt Transit Authority (HTA) for the year ended June 30, 2021 and have issued our report thereon dated May 30,2022. As part of our audit, we reviewed and tested HTA's system of internal accounting control to the extent we considered necessary to evaluate the system as required by generally accepted auditing standards.

The objective of internal accounting control is to provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance as to the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability of assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a system of internal accounting control should not exceed the benefits derived and also recognizes that the evaluation of these factors necessarily requires estimates and judgments by management.

There are inherent limitations that should be recognized in considering the potential effectiveness of any system of internal control. In the performance of most control procedures, errors can result from misunderstanding of instructions, mistakes of judgment, carelessness, or other factors. Control procedures whose effectiveness depends upon segregation of duties can be circumvented by collusion. Similarly, control procedures can be circumvented intentionally by management with respect either to the execution and recording of transactions or with respect to estimates and judgments required in the preparation of financial statements. Further, projection of any evaluation of internal accounting control to future periods is subject to the risk that the procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions and that the degree of compliance with the procedures may deteriorate.

Our study and evaluation of HTA's system of internal accounting control for the year ended June 30, 2021 which was made for the purpose set forth in the first paragraph above, would not necessarily disclose all weaknesses in the system. However, we submit, for your consideration, our comments and recommendations on the operating methods, accounting policies and procedures, and other matters which came to our attention during the course of the audit.

### **CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS**

### 1. Compliance with TDA Fund Eligibility:

Excess Operating Funds Received:

As shown in Note 2 to the financial statements, the following systems did not meet the compliance requirements of Section 6634 of the California Administrative Code dealing with TDA fund eligibility. Fund eligibility is determined by subtracting actual fare revenues, depreciation, and any federal operating funds received from operating expenses. This amount represents the maximum allowable TDA funding for operating expenses for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

	RTS	SoHum	Will	low Creek
Operating Costs Less Depreciation Less Fare Revenues	\$ 4,551,808 1,052,950) (632,582)	\$ 831,615 (149,151) (44,952)	\$	351,610 (54,130) (18,055)
Less Federal Operating Funds  Maximum TDA Fund Eligibility	(1,700,448) 1,165,828	(412,800) 224,712		(112,800) 166,625
STAF Operating Funds Received TDA Funds Received	12,417 1,649,030	- 573,614		323,829
-	1,661,447	573,614	_	323,829
Excess TDA Funds Received	\$ 495,619	\$ 348,902	\$	157,204

Recommendation: HTA has several options to remedy this situation:

- a. Claims by member entities for operating costs for the following fiscal year may be reduced by the current year excess TDA funds.
- b. Members may file amended claims for the current fiscal year applying the excess fund to capital expenditures made during the current year.
- c. Members may repay the excess TDA funds to the Transportation Planning Agency (HCAOG) on demand.

The above recommendations and comments are intended to be constructive suggestions on ways to improve the policies and procedures of HTA. They are not intended to be all-inclusive of the areas in which improvements might be achieved. Should you have any questions regarding these comments or any other matters, please contact us.

In conclusion, we wish to thank the staff of Humboldt Transit Authority for their cooperation and assistance during our audit.

### ANDERSON, LUCAS, SOMERVILLE & BORGES, LLP

